

**FISHWAY RECONSTRUCTION  
Lomond River, Wiltondale  
Newfoundland and Labrador**

**Environmental Registration Document**

**Submitted to the Government of Newfoundland and  
Labrador  
Department of Environment, Climate Change and  
Municipalities  
Environmental Assessment Division**

**Prepared For:** **Fisheries and Oceans Canada  
Real Property, Safety and Security Area**

**Prepared By:** **Public Services and Procurement Canada**

**Date:** **November 12, 2021**

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## **1.0 NAME OF UNDERTAKING**

Fishway Reconstruction, Lomond River, Wiltondale, Newfoundland and Labrador (NL).

## **2.0 PROPONENT**

- I. Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada  
Real Property, Safety and Security Branch (DFO-RPSS)
- II. Northeast Atlantic Fisheries Center  
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A1C 5X1
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## **3.0 THE UNDERTAKING**

### **3.1 Nature of the Undertaking**

The proposed undertaking represents the reconstruction of the pool and weir fishway in the Lomond River near Wiltondale, NL.

### **3.2 Purpose/Rationale/Need for Undertaking**

The existing pool and weir fishway located in the Lomond River near Wiltondale, NL is in a state of disrepair and requires replacement. Replacement of the existing fishway will restore/enhance the safe and continued passage of fish.

## **4.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE UNDERTAKING**

### **4.1 Geographical Location**

The proposed project site is located at the RPSS site near Wiltondale, NL on the Lomond River. The project site can be accessed by taking an unnamed gravel road off the Bonne Bay Road (Route 431), approximately 10 km west of Wiltondale. From the gravel road a walking trail leads to the fishway. The approximate coordinates of the project site are 49.391260°N and 57.719803°W. DFO-RPSS are in the process of acquiring the property from Crown Lands.

### **4.2 Physical Features**

Lomond River is a scheduled Atlantic Salmon river. The project site is located at a waterfall at the outlet of Bonne Bay Little Pond. The surrounding terrain is comprised primarily of exposed bedrock and large boulder which is surrounded by forest. A photo log of the fishway and surrounding area has been included in Appendix A.

The site is located approximately 2 km south of the Gros Morne National Park boundary. Site access is currently provided by wooden stairs along a walking path.

The existing pool and weir fishway is in a state of disrepair and requires replacement. The existing concrete structure will be dewatered, demolished and removed in its entirety. A new vertical slot fishway will be constructed in the same footprint as the existing structure.

The new fishway will consist of 25 pools and extend an overall travel distance of approximately 75 m with a slope of 9% with a 300 to 380 mm drop between pools. Pool sizes will measure between 2.7 and 3.55 m long by 2.44 m wide by 3.00 m high. Riprap will be placed along both sides of the new fishway to fill excavated areas between the existing topography and fishway. Additional work will include the construction new deflection walls, attraction flow pipe, concrete boardwalk to the fishway, new prefabricated pedestrian bridge over the Lomond River, and timber stairs to the pedestrian bridge. A temporary access road will be built on the existing trail to the fishway. Following completion of the project the temporary access road will be removed and the trail will be restored. Construction drawings (50% review) have been attached in Appendix B.

Clearing of uplands and demolition/removal of existing fishway structure will be accomplished with the use of heavy equipment such as excavators, loaders and dump trucks. The removal of rock from the project site will also be required to facilitate the installation of the new fishway. This will involve the use of heavy equipment and potentially explosives. Temporary dewatering devices and structures will be utilized during demolition and construction activities. Concrete for the new fishway and associated structures will be poured on-site. Construction is expected to span the 2022 and 2023 salmon migration period (approx June - Sept). The contractor will implement a fish relocation plan, in consultation with DFO Fisheries Protection Program, to move migrating salmon above the falls.

The proposed project is a reconstruction of an already existing structure; therefore alternative locations were not considered.

#### 4.2.1 Physical and Biological Environment

The Lomond River watershed has an area of approximately 266 km<sup>2</sup> and includes Bonne Bay Big Pond and Bonne Bay Little Pond. Lomond River drains into Bonne Bay approximately 8 km downstream of the Project site. The Project site is located downstream of the Bonne Bay Little Pond outlet. Water quality sampling near the Route 431 bridge, approximately 1.5 km downstream, shows an average specific conductance of 163 µS/cm<sup>2</sup> and an average pH of 7.84 (NL Environment and Conservation, 2014).

Lomond River is a scheduled Atlantic Salmon river. The project site is located at a waterfall at the outlet of Bonne Bay Little Pond. The surrounding terrain is comprised primarily of exposed bedrock and large boulder which is surrounded by forest.

The project site is located within the Corner Brook sub region of the Western Newfoundland Forest ecoregion. The sub region is the largest in insular NL and has a high degree of climatic variation. The nearest Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC) weather station (Cormack) shows an average annual temperature of 3.2°C, with average July highs of 15.5 C and average February lows of -9.2 C (ECCC, 2021). Average annual precipitation is noted as 1263 mm of which approximately 75% comes as rain and 25% comes as snow. The terrain is characterized by forested, rolling hills and an underlying limestone geology. Forested land is dominated by balsam fir (*Abies balsamea*), generally with a floor covering of wood ferns (*Dryopteris* sp.). Black spruce (*Picea mariana*) occurs mainly on poorly drained locations or in area with exposed bedrock. The ecoregion is the northern limit for several species including yellow birch (*Betula alleghaniensis*), white pine (*Pinus strobus*), red maple (*Acer rubrum*), and trembling aspen (*Populus tremuloides*) (ParksNL, 2008).

NL Department of Natural Resources mapping indicates that bedrock geology at the project site is in the Humber Zone and consists of carbonate rocks from the Middle Cambrian to Early Ordovician (NLDNR, 2021). Surficial geology is noted as fluvial plane or glaciofluvial terrace around the project site (NLDNR, 2021).

Common wildlife found in the sub region includes moose (*Alces alces*), mink (*Neogale vison*), snowshoe hare (*Lepus americanus*), lynx (*Lynx canadensis*), black bear (*Ursus americanus*), red fox (*Vulpes vulpes*), beaver (*Castor canadensis*), and muskrat (*Ondatra zibethicus*). It also includes part of the range of the largest remaining population of threatened Newfoundland marten (*Martes americana*) (ParksNL, 2008).

Avian species in the subregion include song sparrow (*Melospiza melodia*), mourning warbler (*Geothlypis philadelphica*), green-winged teal (*Anas carolinensis*), black duck (*Anas rubripes*), red-breasted merganser (*Mergus serrator*), spotter sandpiper (*Actitis macularius*), common tern (*Sterna hirundo*), and belted kingfisher (*Megaceryle alcyon*) (ParksNL, 2008). The Atlantic Canada Conservation Data Centre (ACCDC) database returned a list of species noted in the area that included blue-headed vireo (*Vireo solitarius*), chipping sparrow (*Spizella passerina*), greater yellowlegs (*Tringa melanoleuca*), Nashville warbler (*Vermivora ruficapilla*), northern goshawk (*Accipiter gentilis*), northern harrier (*Circus cyaneus*), olive-sided flycatcher (*Contopus cooperi*), rusty blackbird (*Euphagus carolinus*), and winter wren (*Troglodytes troglodytes*) (ACCDC, 2021).

Benthic sampling conducted near the water quality station contained 1750 individuals from 16 taxa. The community was dominated by chironomids with a smaller population of Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera, and Tricoptera (EPT) (NL Environment and Conservation, 2014).

Fish in the subregion include Atlantic salmon, brook trout, brown trout, rainbow smelt, American eel, and three-spine, nine-spine, and black-spotted sticklebacks, mummichog, and banded killifish (ParksNL, 2008). Salmon, brook trout, smelt, and eels have been verified in the Bonne Bay / Lomond River area (Currie et al, 2009). Five amphibians; green frog, American toad, wood frog, striped chorus frog, and northern leopard frog have been noted in the subregion. All five species have been introduced and are present in low numbers. No reptiles have been recorded in the subecoregion (ParksNL, 2008).

A search of the Atlantic Canada Conservation Data Centre (ACCDC) database was conducted on September 3, 2021. The ACCDC provided a list of rare/unique species (i.e. plants and animals) within a 5 km buffer zone (standard ACCDC procedure) of the site. All species were cross-referenced with Schedule 1 of the Species at Risk Act (SARA) listed as extirpated, endangered, threatened, or special concern. Results of the search are summarized in Table 4.1.

**Table 4.1 Species at Risk in Proximity to the Project Site**

Common Name	Scientific Name	Provincial Ranking	COSEWIC Ranking	SARA Ranking
Olive-sided flycatcher	<i>Contopus cooperi</i>	Threatened	Special Concern	Threatened
Rusty blackbird	<i>Euphagus carolinus</i>	Vulnerable	Special Concern	Special Concern
Newfoundland marten	<i>Martes americana</i>	Threatened	Threatened	Endangered
Vreeland's striped coralroot	<i>Corallorrhiza striata</i> var. <i>vreelandii</i>	Endangered	Not listed	Not listed

Note, the observation of Vreeland's striped coralroot was noted at the Lomond River Lodge campground, approximately 2 km from the site.

### 4.3 Construction

Commencement of this project is subject to DFO-RPSS operational priorities and funding. Replacement of the fishway is expected to require 22 months to complete. Site preparation may commence in April or May 2022 with in-water work commencing in the first two months of the project.

Construction activities will include:

- Demolition, removal and reconstruction of the existing fishway structure. This will be accomplished using hand-held equipment (e.g. pneumatic jackhammers, sledge hammers, etc) and possibly machine mounted equipment (e.g pneumatic hammer). Demolished materials will removed from the site using a combination of manual labour and heavy equipment and transported to an approved waste disposal location (e.g. regional landfill) for disposal. If necessary, temporary dewatering devices and structures such as cofferdams may be utilized to allow for safe demolition and removal of the structure. The new fishway is very similar in design to the existing fishway and will be

constructed in the same footprint. Again, temporary dewatering devices and structures such as cofferdams may be utilized to allow for the placement of the new structure. Concrete for the new fishway and associated structures will be poured on-site. Where necessary, the fishway will be anchored to bedrock using drilling and bolts. Riprap will be placed along each side of the fishway likely using heavy equipment such as an excavator.

- Clearing and widening of existing uplands access to accommodate equipment access will be required. Trees will be cut down using chainsaws and associated equipment. Disturbances to surrounding vegetation is anticipated to be minimal. Only trees requiring removal to safely access the site will be removed. The existing embankment may require grading in order to provide safe access. The existing parking area will be utilized for a lay-down area. Post-construction, the widened access area will be landscaped and re-vegetated and a new wooden/gravel pedestrian access reinstated.
- Construction is expected to span the 2022 and 2023 salmon migration period (approx June - Sept). The contractor will implement a fish relocation plan, in consultation with DFO Fisheries Protection Program, to move migrating salmon above the falls.
- Equipment and tools will be transported to the project site using local roads and access.
- Waste material will be transported from the project site and disposed of at an approved waste disposal location

The most probable sources of potential pollutants are related to the use of equipment. Accidental spills of equipment fuel/oil, sedimentation from disturbances to riparian area and establishment of laydown area are also a possibility. The project will be assessed pursuant to Section 67 of the Canadian Environmental Assessment Act (2012) or Section 82 of the Impact Assessment Act. All mitigations prescribed as part of that process will be implemented during project activities. The following mitigation measures will also be utilized to minimize potential interactions with the environment:

#### Fish / Fish Habitat and Water

- A Request for Review for the project has been submitted to Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Fisheries Protection Program.
- All instream work should take place during the appropriate timing window (October 1 – April 30). If this is not possible, a fish relocation plan must be developed and implemented in consultation with DFO Fisheries Protection Program.
- As this is a scheduled salmon river, if at any time Atlantic salmon or sea-run trout are observed migrating upstream or downstream, all works must cease until the migration has ended to ensure there are no impacts to fish movement.
- Minimize duration of in-water work.
- Schedule work to avoid wet, windy and rainy periods that may increase erosion and sedimentation.
- Plan activities near water such that materials such as paint, primers, blasting abrasives, rust solvents, degreasers, grout, or other chemicals do not enter the watercourse.
- Develop a response plan that is to be implemented immediately in the event of a sediment release or spill of a deleterious substance and keep an emergency spill kit on site.

- Ensure that building material used in the watercourse has been handled and treated in a manner to prevent the release of leaching of substances into the water that may be deleterious to fish.
- Develop and implement an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan for the site that minimizes risk of sedimentation of the waterbody during all phases of the project.
- If there is any run-off of concrete or associated water, it should be directed to a drainage control device such as a settling pond and appropriately managed. No concrete run-off is allowed to enter the water.
- Retain a qualified environmental professional to ensure applicable permits for relocating fish are obtained and to capture any fish trapped within an isolated/enclosed area at the work site and safely relocate them to an appropriate location in the same waters. Fish may need to be relocated again, should flooding occur on the site.
- Time works such that it does not interfere with the sensitive life stages of the fish species present. Ideally, the work should be carried out during low-flow periods.
- Clearly identify in the field sensitive habitats near the work site that are to be protected.
- If explosives are used, ensure appropriate on-land set-back distance from the waterbody. Refer to Wright and Hopky (1998) Guidelines for the Use of Explosives In or Near Canadian Fisheries Waters.
- Blasting should be undertaken at the time of least biological activity or biological sensitivity.
- Do not use ammonium nitrate based explosives in or near water due to the production of toxic by-products.
- Remove all blasting debris and other associated equipment/products from the blast area.
- Detonation of small scaring charges set off one minute prior to the main charge to scare fish away from the site.
- Use of noise generators to move fish out of the area.

#### Birds and Bird Habitat

- The contractor is responsible to ensure a spill kit is on site. Equipment within the spill kit should be adequate for the proposed project. In case of a spill, the contractor should contact Environment Canada at 1-800-563-9089.
- All construction equipment must be fitted with standard and well maintained noise suppression devices. Appropriate dust suppression methods are to be employed when required. Air filters should be used to minimize exhaust emissions.
- Vegetation removal should be kept to a minimum.
- All work to be conducted in accordance with the Migratory Birds Convention Act (MBCA), which outlines that no migratory bird nests or eggs will be moved or obstructed during the construction or operation phase of the project. It is recommended that vegetation clearing not take place during the breeding season until fledglings have left parental territories.
- Migratory birds, their eggs, nests and young are protected under the MBCA.

### Soil (surface and subsurface)

- Work should be scheduled to avoid periods of heavy precipitation. Erosion control structures (temporary matting, geotextile filter fabric) are to be used, as appropriate, to prevent erosion runoff or sediment laden water during the construction phase.
- Any exposed soil must be minimized by limiting the area exposed at any one time and by limiting the time that any one area is exposed. All stockpiled soil must be covered and/or dyked to prevent erosion or runoff of sediment-laden water from leaving the site. Whenever possible, exposed soil should be replanted or sodded to ensure soil stabilization.
- All wastes must be recycled where possible or otherwise disposed of appropriately.
- Fill material is to be free of contaminants and from an approved quarry site.
- Machinery must be checked for leakage of lubricants or fuel and must be in good working order. Refueling must be done at least 100 m from any waterbody. Basic petroleum spill cleanup equipment should be on site. All spills or leaks should be promptly contained, cleaned up and reported to the 24 hour environmental emergencies reporting system (1-800-563-9089).
- Containers of petroleum products or chemicals that may be required on site will be tightly sealed against corrosion and rust, and surrounded by an impermeable barrier in a dry, water-tight building or shed with an impermeable floor.
- Waste oils and used lubricating oil will be retained in a tank or closed container and disposed of by a company licensed for handling and disposing of used oil products.
- Mechanical inspections will be conducted routinely on equipment to search for leaks. Leaks will be repaired immediately.

### Vegetation

- Disturbed areas will be restored through manual re-seeding.
- Areas that may require extensive grubbing will be stabilized as soon as possible to reduce potential for erosion.
- A vegetated buffer will be maintained between disturbed areas and the river at all times.

### Air Quality and Noise

- All construction equipment must be fitted with standard and well maintained noise suppression devices. Appropriate dust suppression methods are to be employed when required. Air filters should be used to minimize exhaust emissions.

## 4.4 Operation

Routine maintenance and repair projects will be carried out on an as- required basis over the estimated thirty (30) year life of the structure.

Reasonably foreseeable pollutants occurring during the operational phase of the proposed project are limited to accidental discharges of fuel. The operation and maintenance of the site will be under the control of DFO-RPSS. Potential resource conflicts are not anticipated as a result of the operation of the proposed project.

## 4.5 Occupations

Reconstruction of the fishway is expected to require 22 months to complete. Commencement of the proposed project is scheduled for Spring 2022.

The following list outlines occupations which may be employed during the design and construction period. Please note that this list represents only an approximation of the number and type of occupations that may be produced as a result of the proposed project. Actual occupations created as a result of the proposed project will ultimately be determined by the successful contractor. Occupations are expected to be comparable to those created for similar construction projects throughout the Province.

- 1 - Project Manager – Contractor/Construction
- 1 - Office Administrator – Contractor/Construction
- 1 - Project Supervisor/Foreman – Contractor/Construction
- 1 - OHS Representative – Contractor/Construction
- 2 - Carpenters – Contractor/Construction
- 4 - Laborers – Contractor/Construction
- 1 - Helicopter Pilot – Contractor/Construction
- 1 - Surveyor – Contractor/Construction
- 2 - Truck Drivers – Contractor/Construction
- 1 – Equipment Operator – Contractor/Construction
- 1 - Site Inspector - Construction
- 1 - Professional Engineer – Entire Project
- 1 - Engineering Technologist – Construction Design (Engineering)
- 1 - Office Administrator – Entire Project (Engineering)

## 5.0 APPROVAL OF THE UNDERTAKING

Table 5.1 is a list of the likely permits, licenses and approvals required for this project.

**Table 5.1 Likely Permits and Regulatory Authority**

Approvals/Certificates/Permits	Regulatory Authority
NL Environmental Assessment Registration <sup>(1)</sup>	NL Department of Environment, Climate Change and Municipalities, Environmental Assessment Division
DFO–Request for Review (Serious Harm Determination; Aquatic Species at Risk) <sup>(2)</sup>	DFO, Fisheries Protection Program
Permit to Alter a Body of Water <sup>(3)</sup>	NL Department of Municipal Affairs and Environment, Water Resources Division
<i>Canadian Navigable Waters Protection Act</i> <sup>(4)</sup>	Transport Canada, Navigation Protection Program

Notes: (1) This document; provincial permits are expected to be issued following release from further environmental assessment.

(2) An RFR will be submitted to DFO – Fisheries Protection Program.

(3) A permit application will be submitted to the Province

(4) As per the Canadian Navigable Waters Act (CNWA) for Works on non-scheduled waters, this project was posted to the CNWA Public Registry.

## **6.0 ABORIGINAL CONSULTATION**

There are no known indigenous rights or interests at the Lomond River Fishway RPSS site that could be impacted by the project. As such, aboriginal consultation was not deemed necessary.

## **7.0 SCHEDULE**

The proposed project is expected to commence in April 2022 and construction would occur over a 22-month period. A detailed schedule (50% review) has been attached in Appendix C.

## **8.0 FUNDING**

The total cost estimate for all phases of the proposed project, as provided by the proponent, is approximately \$3.75 million. Funds will be provided by Real Property, Safety and Security Branch, Fisheries and Oceans Canada.

## **9.0 REFERENCES**

Currie, J.J, Wroblewski, J.S, Methven, D.A., and Hooper, R.G. 2009. Community-University Research for Recovery Alliance (CURRA) Report. The Nearshore Fish Fauna of Bonne Bay, A Fjord within Gros Morne National Park, Newfoundland. Memorial University of Newfoundland. 66 pages

Environment and Climate Change Canada. 2021. Canadian Climate Normals 1981-2010 Station Data – Cormack. Accessed at: [https://climate.weather.gc.ca/climate\\_normals/results\\_1981\\_2010\\_e.html?searchType=stationProx&txtRadius=25&selCity=&selPark=&optProxType=custom&txtCentralLatDeg=49&txtCentralLatMin=23&txtCentralLatSec=30&txtCentralLongDeg=57&txtCentralLongMin=43&txtCentralLongSec=13&txtLatDecDeg=&txtLongDecDeg=&stnID=6609&dispBack=0](https://climate.weather.gc.ca/climate_normals/results_1981_2010_e.html?searchType=stationProx&txtRadius=25&selCity=&selPark=&optProxType=custom&txtCentralLatDeg=49&txtCentralLatMin=23&txtCentralLatSec=30&txtCentralLongDeg=57&txtCentralLongMin=43&txtCentralLongSec=13&txtLatDecDeg=&txtLongDecDeg=&stnID=6609&dispBack=0)

NL Department of Natural Resources. Geosciences On-line. Accessed at: <https://gis.geosurv.gov.nl.ca/>

NL Department of Environment and Conservation. 2014. Intensive Survey of Bonne Bay Big Pond and Bonne Bay Little Pond. Water Resources Management Division. 64 pages

Parks NL. 2008. Western Newfoundland Forest – Corner Brook subregion (1B). Accessed at: <https://www.parksnl.ca/about-us/#publications>

## **10.0 SIGNATURE**

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Environmental Assessment Representative

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Date

**APPENDIX A**  
**Photo Log**



Aerial view of fishway and surrounding environment (Upstream to left of picture)



Upstream area of in-water construction



Downstream area of in-water construction



Rebar that will be removed



Lomond River upstream of fishway



Lomond River downstream of fishway



Existing trail that will be used as a temporary road



Typical watercourse crossing on access road

**APPENDIX B**  
**Construction Drawings**

LOMOND RIVER FISHWAY REPLACEMENT  
LOMOND RIVER, NEWFOUNDLAND  
PROJECT No. R.114129.002  
ISSUED FOR 50% REVIEW

LIST OF DRAWINGS:

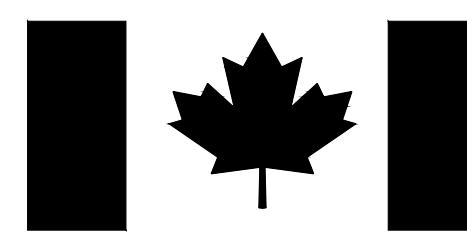
- C1 OF 12 LOCATION PLAN
- C2 OF 12 EXSITING ACCESS TRAIL PLAN & PROFILE
- C3 OF 12 EXISTING/DEMOLITION SITE PLAN
- C4 OF 12 NEW SITE PLAN & SECTION
- C5 OF 12 NEW FISHWAY PLAN & PROFILE
- C6 OF 12 NEW FISHWAY DETAILS
- C6 OF 12 BAFFLE DETAILS
- C7 OF 12 TRASH RACK AND STOP LOG DETAILS
- C8 OF 12 GRATING AND HANDRAIL DETAILS
- C9 OF 12 NEW CONTROL STRUCTURES – PLAN, SECTIONS AND DETAILS
- C10 OF 12 NEW ATTRACTION FLOW PIPE –SECTIONS AND DETAILS
- C11 OF 12 NEW PRE-ENGINEERED PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE – PLAN AND DETAILS
- C12 OF 12 NEW ROOF SLAB PLAN, FLOOR SLAB PLAN AND DETAIL

PREPARED FOR



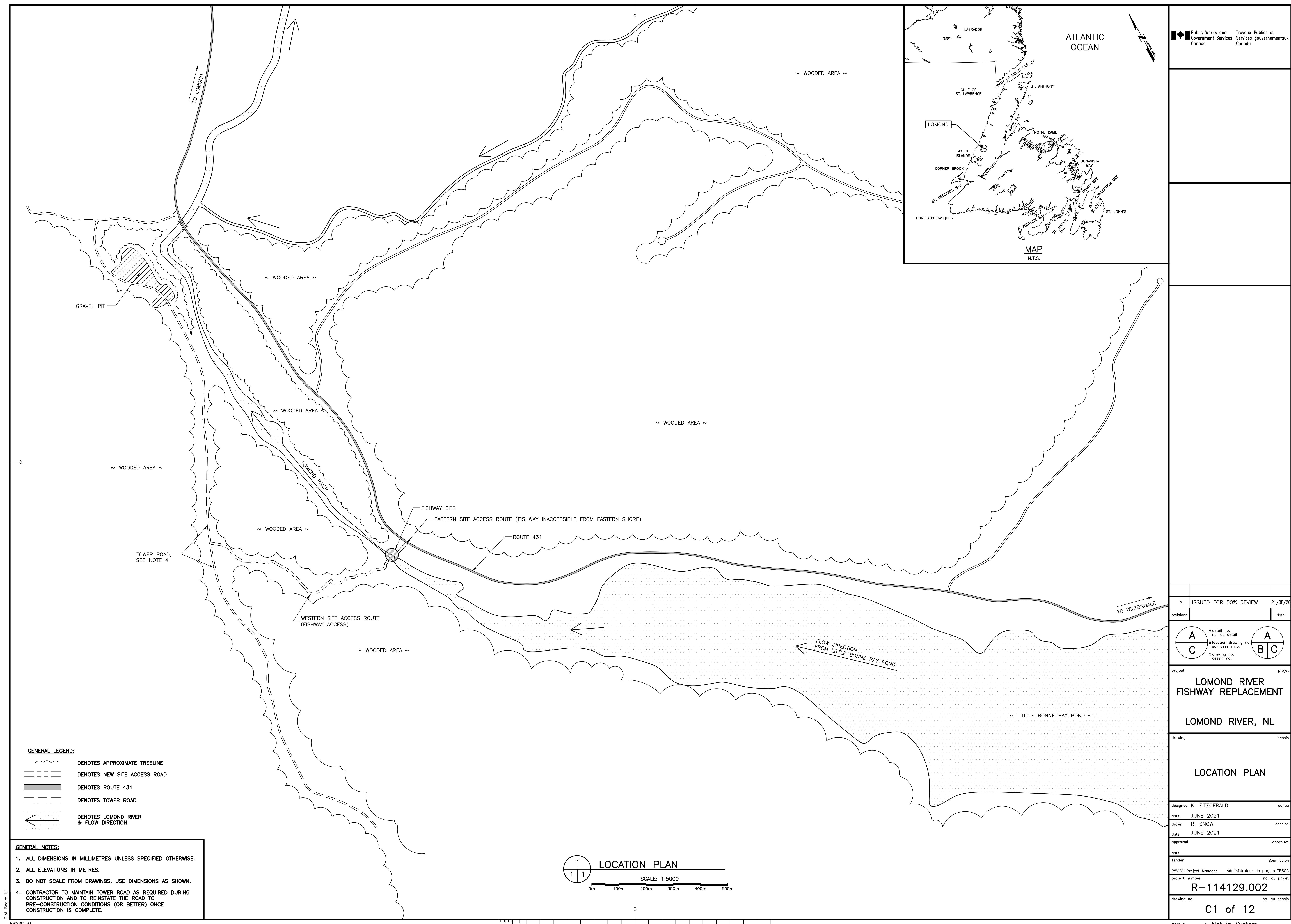
PUBLIC WORKS AND GOVERNMENT  
SERVICES CANADA

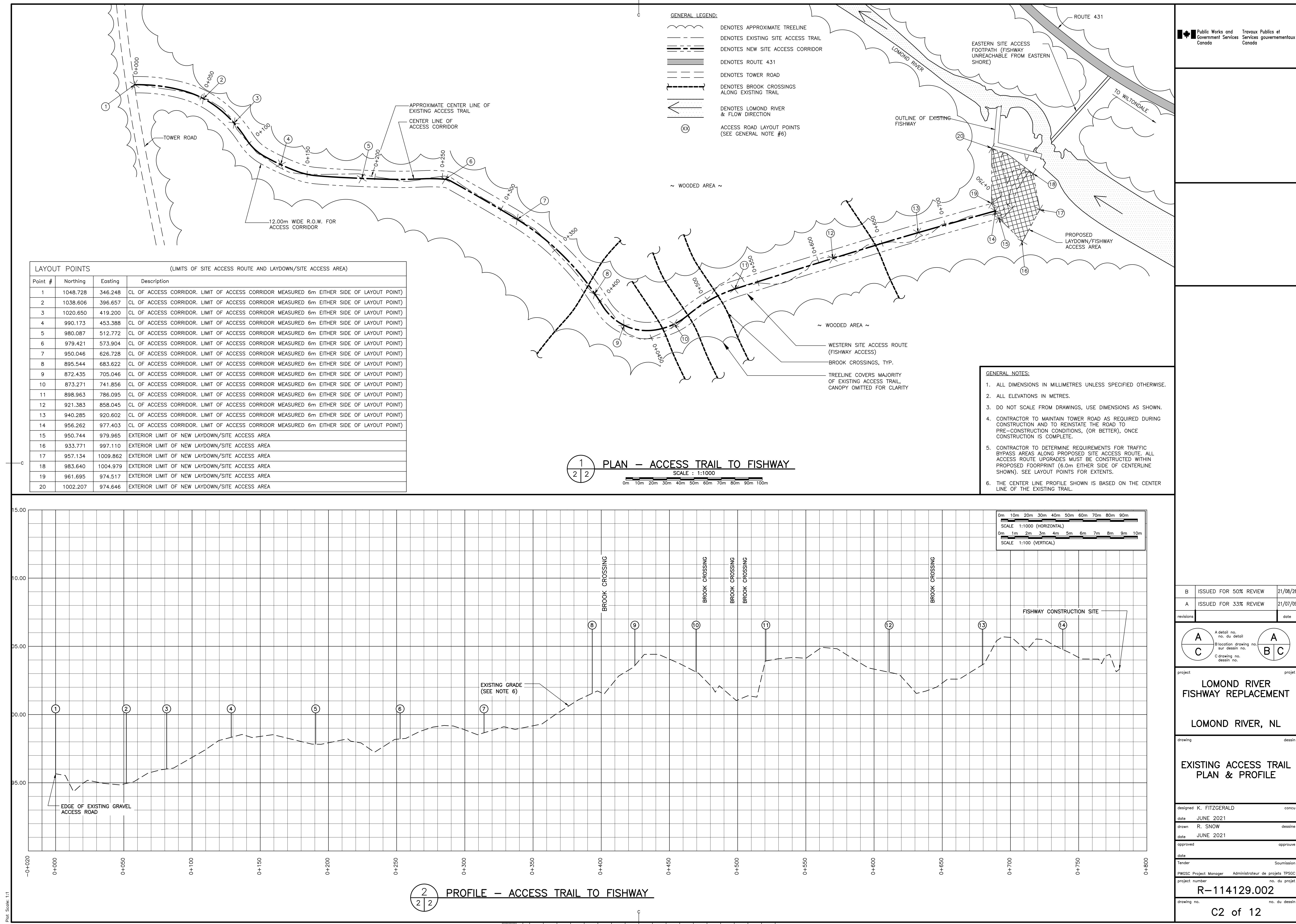
ON BEHALF OF



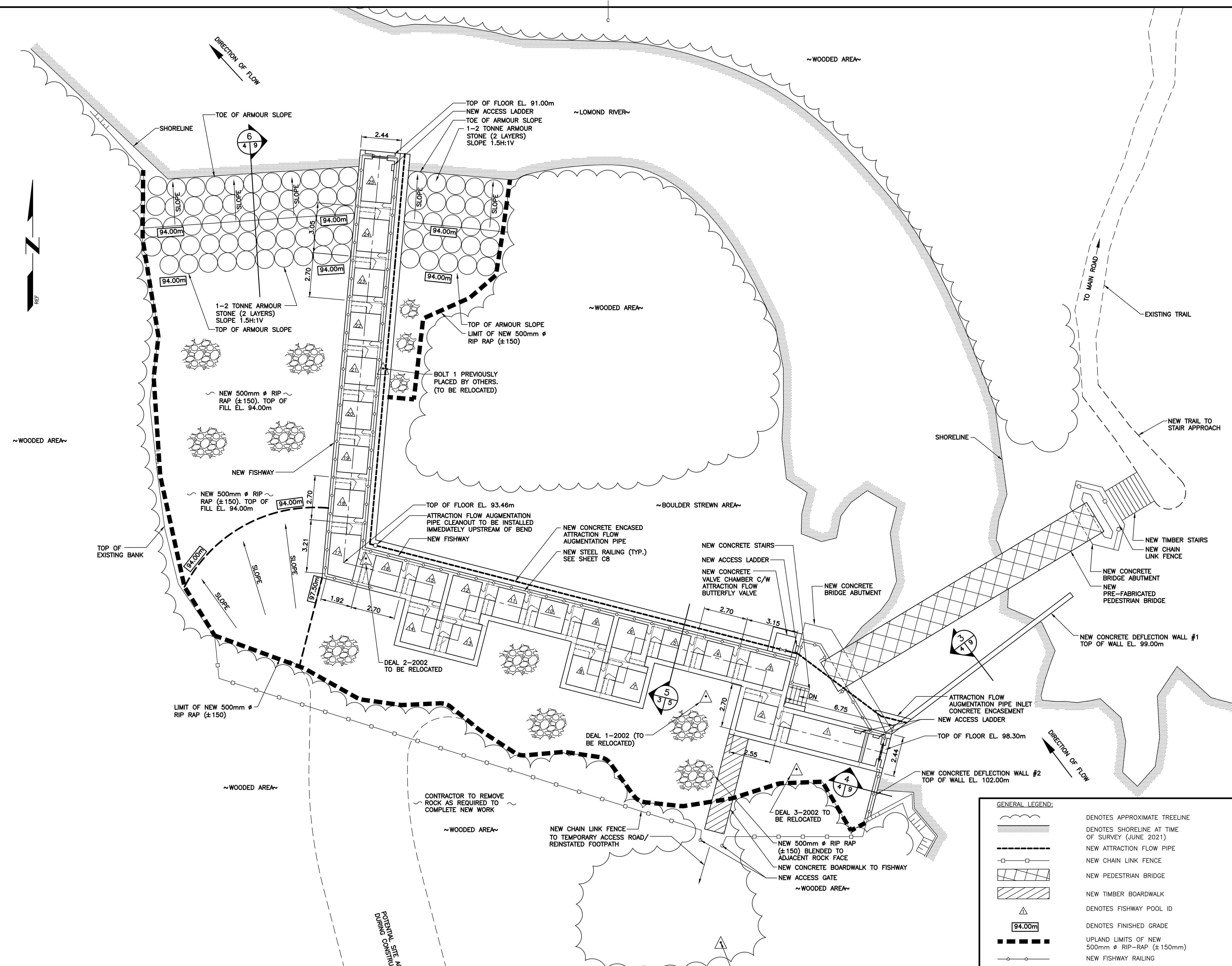
DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES AND OCEANS

PUBLIC WORKS AND GOVERNMENT SERVICES CANADA  
10 BARTER'S HILL  
P.O. BOX 4600  
ST. JOHN'S  
NEWFOUNDLAND  
A1C 5T2









 Public Works and  
Government Services  
Canada      Travaux Publics et  
Services gouvernementaux  
Canada

D	ISSUED FOR 50% REVIEW	21/08/26
C	ISSUED FOR 33% REVIEW	21/07/09
B	REVISED CONCEPT	21/06/11
A	ISSUED FOR CONCEPT	21/05/07
revisions		date

# LOMOND RIVER FISHWAY REPLACEMENT

## LOMOND RIVER, NL

# NEW SITE PLAN & SECTION

<u>GENERAL LEGEND:</u>	
	DENOTES APPROXIMATE TREELINE
	DENOTES SHORELINE AT TIME OF SURVEY (JUNE 2021)
	NEW ATTRACTION FLOW PIPE
	NEW CHAIN LINK FENCE
	NEW PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE
	NEW TIMBER BOARDWALK
	DENOTES FISHWAY POOL ID
	DENOTES FINISHED GRADE
	UPLAND LIMITS OF NEW 500mm Ø RIP-RAP ( $\pm 150$ mm)

## GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.
2. ALL ELEVATIONS IN METRES.
3. DO NOT SCALE FROM DRAWINGS, USE DIMENSIONS AS SHOWN.
4. GRATING AND HANDRAIL OMITTED FROM PLAN VIEW FOR CLARITY.
5. IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT RIVER WATER LEVEL DOES SIGNIFICANTLY CHANGE AND CAN LARGELY EXCEED THE RECORDED LEVEL INDICATED DURING THE TIME OF THE SURVEY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSUME WORST CASE CONDITIONS AND BEAR ALL COSTS NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE WORK UNDER THE VARYING FLUCTUATIONS.
6. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL CRITICAL DIMENSIONS IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO START OF WORK AND NOTIFY DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE ON ANY DISCREPANCIES.

designed K. FITZGERALD concu

date JUNE 2021

drawn M. LEGGE dessine  
JUNE 2001

date JUNE 2021  
approved approuve

date

Tender Soumission

R.114129.002

drawing no. no. du dessin

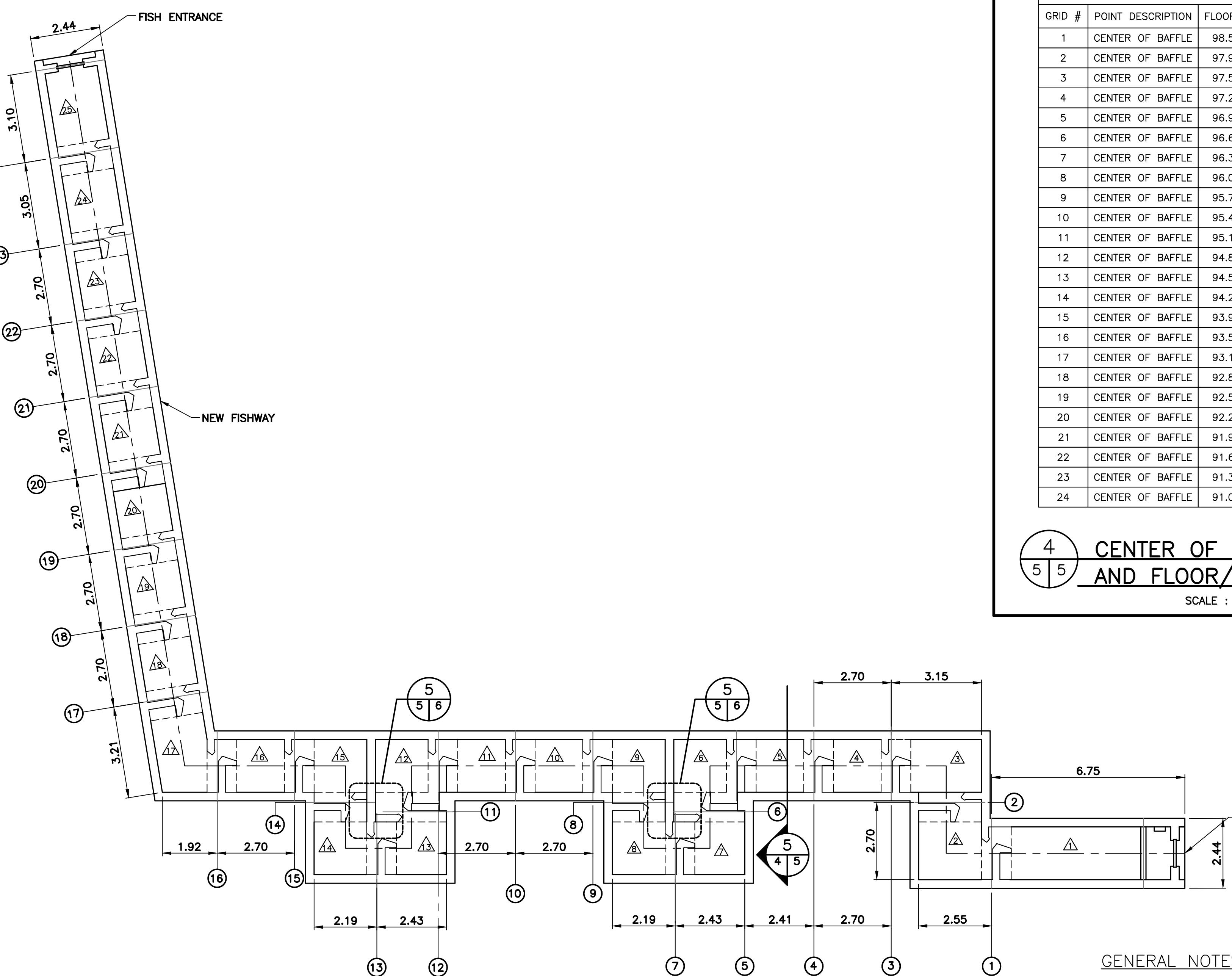
C4 of 12

no. du dessin

CENTER OF BAFFLE COORDINATES AND FLOOR/ROOF SLAB ELEVATIONS					
GRID #	POINT DESCRIPTION	FLOOR ELEV.	ROOF SLAB ELEV.	NORTHING	EASTING
1	CENTER OF BAFFLE	98.50m	102.00m	998.1931	1004.4708
2	CENTER OF BAFFLE	97.92m	102.00m	1000.3106	1003.3758
3	CENTER OF BAFFLE	97.56m	102.00m	1002.0191	1001.8333
4	CENTER OF BAFFLE	97.25m	101.17m	1002.6901	999.2180
5	CENTER OF BAFFLE	96.95m	100.33m	1003.3610	996.6027
6	CENTER OF BAFFLE	96.66m	100.33m	1002.0379	995.3071
7	CENTER OF BAFFLE	96.38m	100.33m	1001.1078	993.8153
8	CENTER OF BAFFLE	96.07m	100.33m	1002.9334	993.1524
9	CENTER OF BAFFLE	95.73m	100.33m	1004.6073	991.7448
10	CENTER OF BAFFLE	95.42m	99.50m	1005.2783	989.1295
11	CENTER OF BAFFLE	95.11m	98.67m	1005.9492	986.5142
12	CENTER OF BAFFLE	94.81m	98.67m	1004.6261	985.2186
13	CENTER OF BAFFLE	94.52m	98.67m	1003.6961	983.7269
14	CENTER OF BAFFLE	94.24m	98.67m	1005.5216	983.0639
15	CENTER OF BAFFLE	93.93m	98.67m	1007.1955	981.6564
16	CENTER OF BAFFLE	93.59m	97.73m	1007.8665	979.0411
17	CENTER OF BAFFLE	93.18m	97.73m	1010.5633	978.1593
18	CENTER OF BAFFLE	92.88m	97.20m	1013.2526	978.4000
19	CENTER OF BAFFLE	92.57m	96.68m	1015.9418	978.6408
20	CENTER OF BAFFLE	92.26m	96.16m	1018.6311	978.8815
21	CENTER OF BAFFLE	91.96m	95.64m	1021.3203	979.1223
22	CENTER OF BAFFLE	91.65m	95.11m	1024.0095	979.3630
23	CENTER OF BAFFLE	91.35m	94.59m	1026.6988	979.6038
24	CENTER OF BAFFLE	91.00m	94.00m	1029.7382	979.8759

4 CENTER OF BAFFLE COORDINATES  
AND FLOOR/ROOF SLAB ELEVATIONS

SCALE : N.T.S.



GENERAL NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
2. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE IN METRES.
3. DO NOT SCALE FROM DRAWINGS, USE DIMENSIONS AS SHOWN.
4. GRATING HANDRAIL, EXTENTS OF SITE OMITTED FOR CLARITY.
5. REINFORCEMENT, ROOF SLAB, GRATINGS, HANDRAIL, AND OTHER SITE FEATURES OMITTED FOR CLARITY.

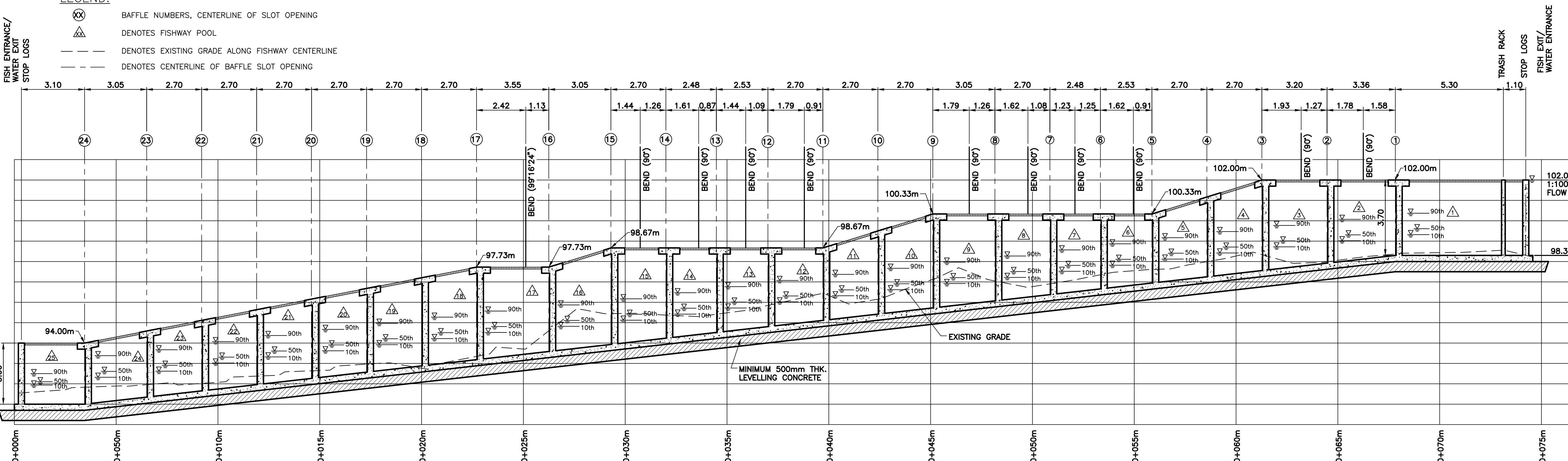
1 NEW FISHWAY PLAN

SCALE : 1:100

0m 1m 2m 3m 4m 5m 6m 7m 8m 9m 10m

LEGEND:

- XX BAFFLE NUMBERS, CENTERLINE OF SLOT OPENING
- △ DENOTES FISHWAY POOL
- DENOTES EXISTING GRADE ALONG FISHWAY CENTERLINE
- DENOTES CENTERLINE OF BAFFLE SLOT OPENING



2 NEW FISHWAY PROFILE

SCALE : 1:100

0m 1m 2m 3m 4m 5m 6m 7m 8m 9m 10m

B ISSUED FOR 50% REVIEW 21/08/2021  
A ISSUED FOR 33% REVIEW 21/07/2021

revisions date

A detail no. no. du détail

B location drawing no. sur dessin no.

C drawing no. dessin no.

A B C

project proj

LOMOND RIVER FISHWAY REPLACEMENT

LOMOND RIVER, NL

drawing dessin

NEW FISHWAY PLAN & PROFILE

designed K. FITZGERALD concu

date JUNE 2021

drawn M. LEGGE dessin

date JUNE 2021

approved approuve

date

Tender Soumission

PWGSC Project Manager Administrateur de projets TPSGC

project number no. du projet

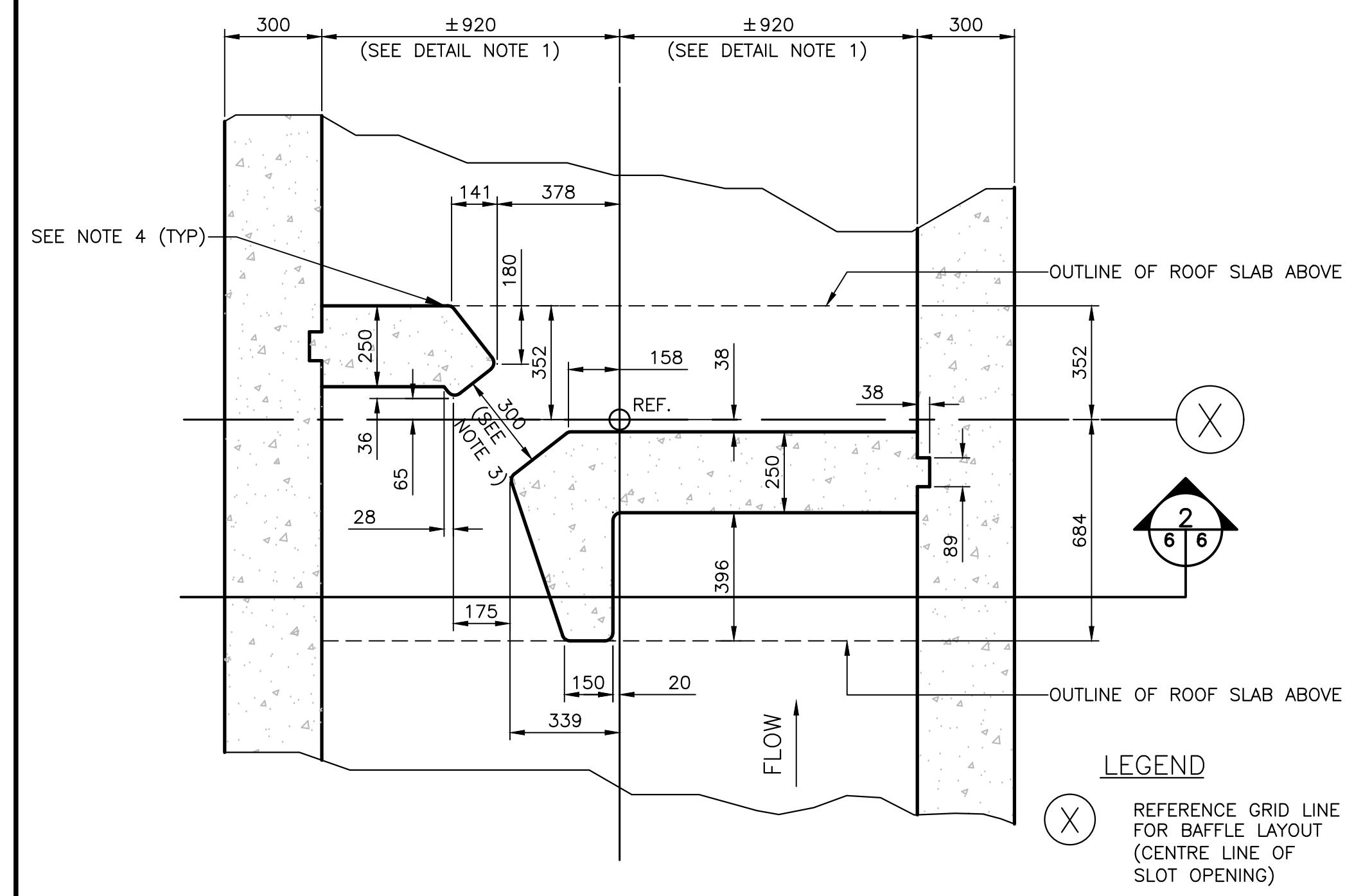
R.114129.002

drawing no. no. du dessin

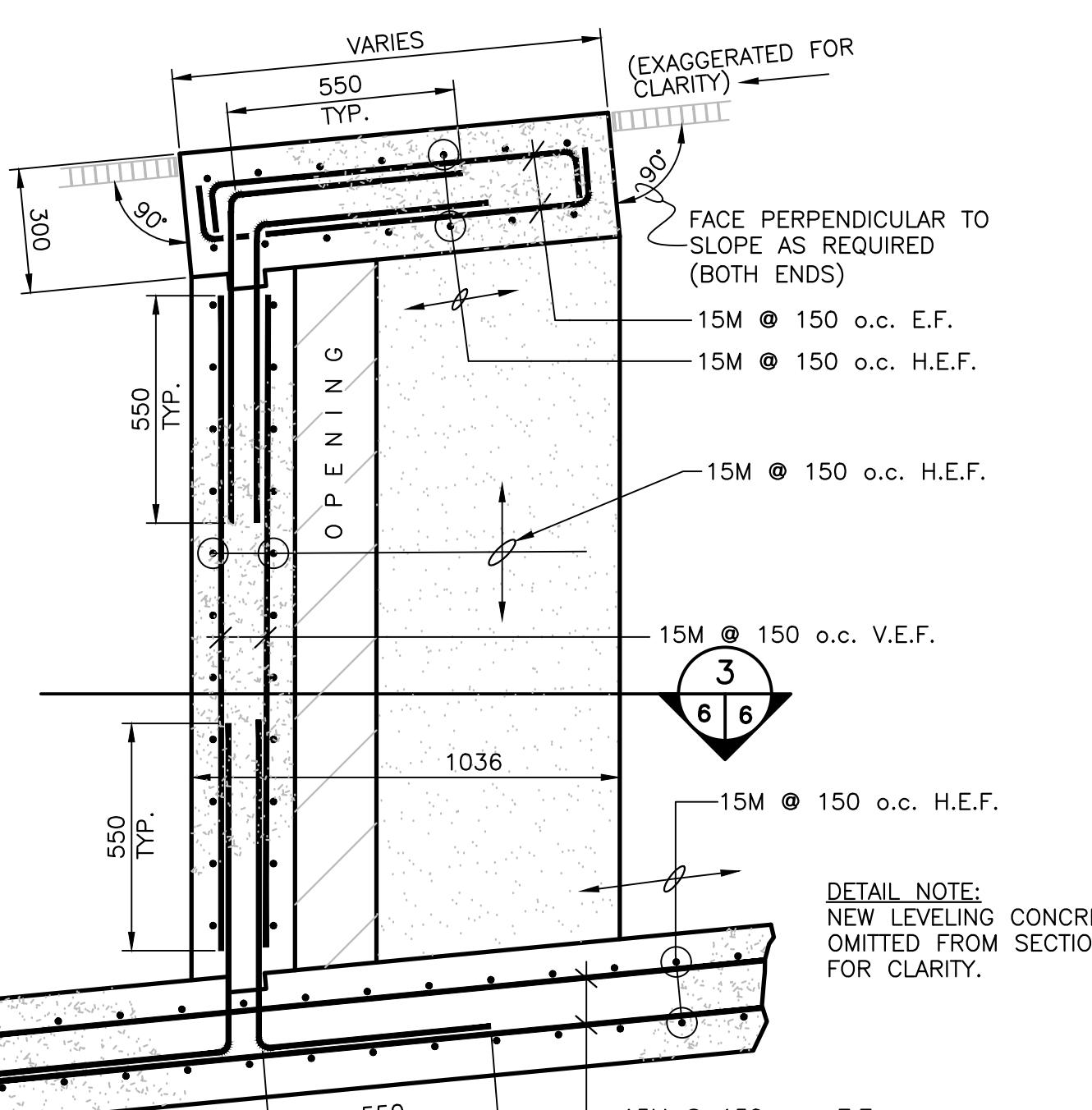
C5 of 12

DETAIL NOTES:  
1. THIS ARRANGEMENT IS TYPICAL FOR MOST BAFFLES, HOWEVER, SOME BAFFLE WALL LENGTHS MAY REQUIRE ADJUSTMENTS IN NON-TYPICAL POOLS. CONFIRM AND COORDINATE ALL ADJUSTMENTS WITH THE DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE.

2. REINFORCING NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY.



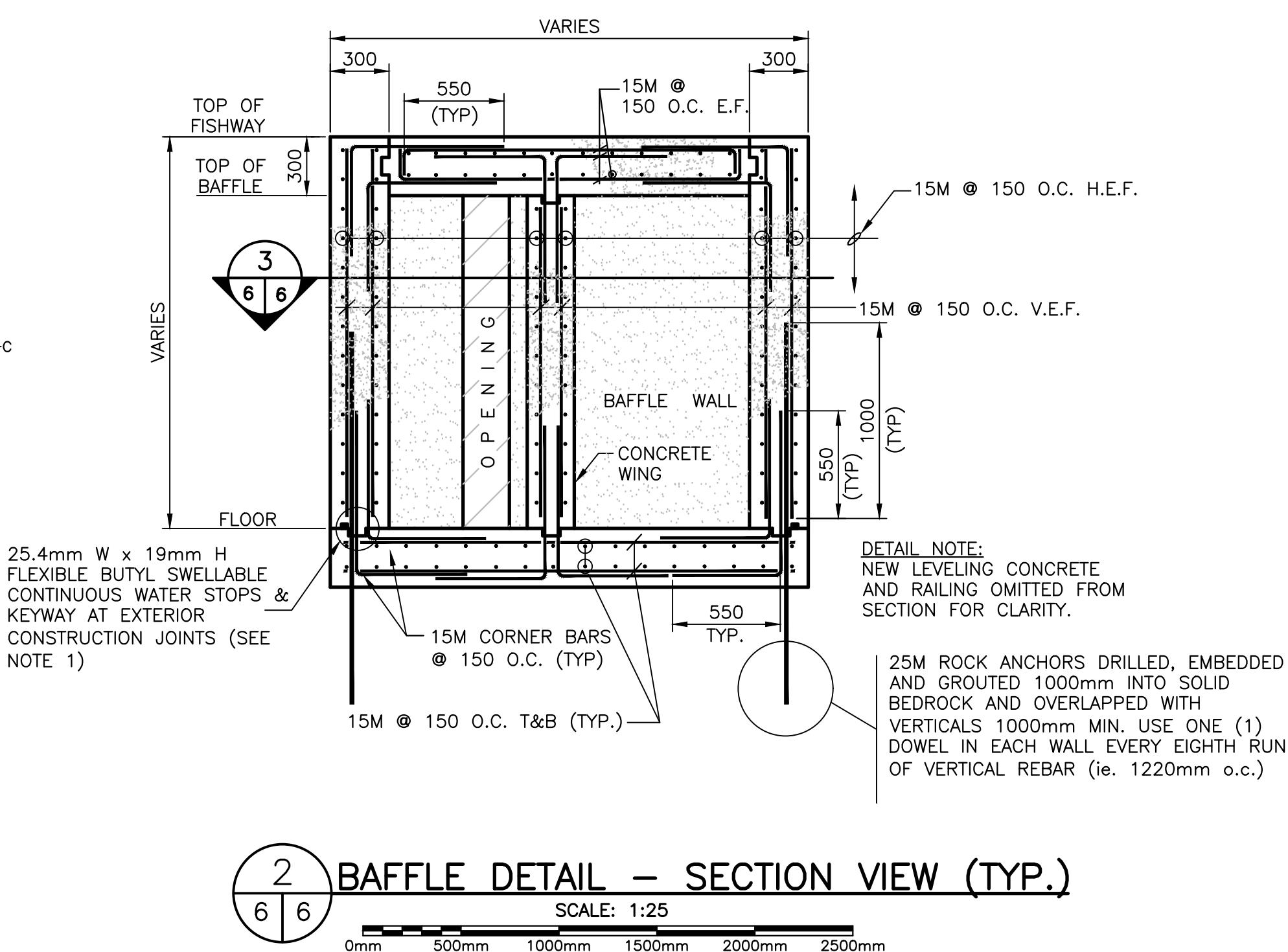
1 BAFFLE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT (TYP.)  
6 6  
SCALE : 1:15



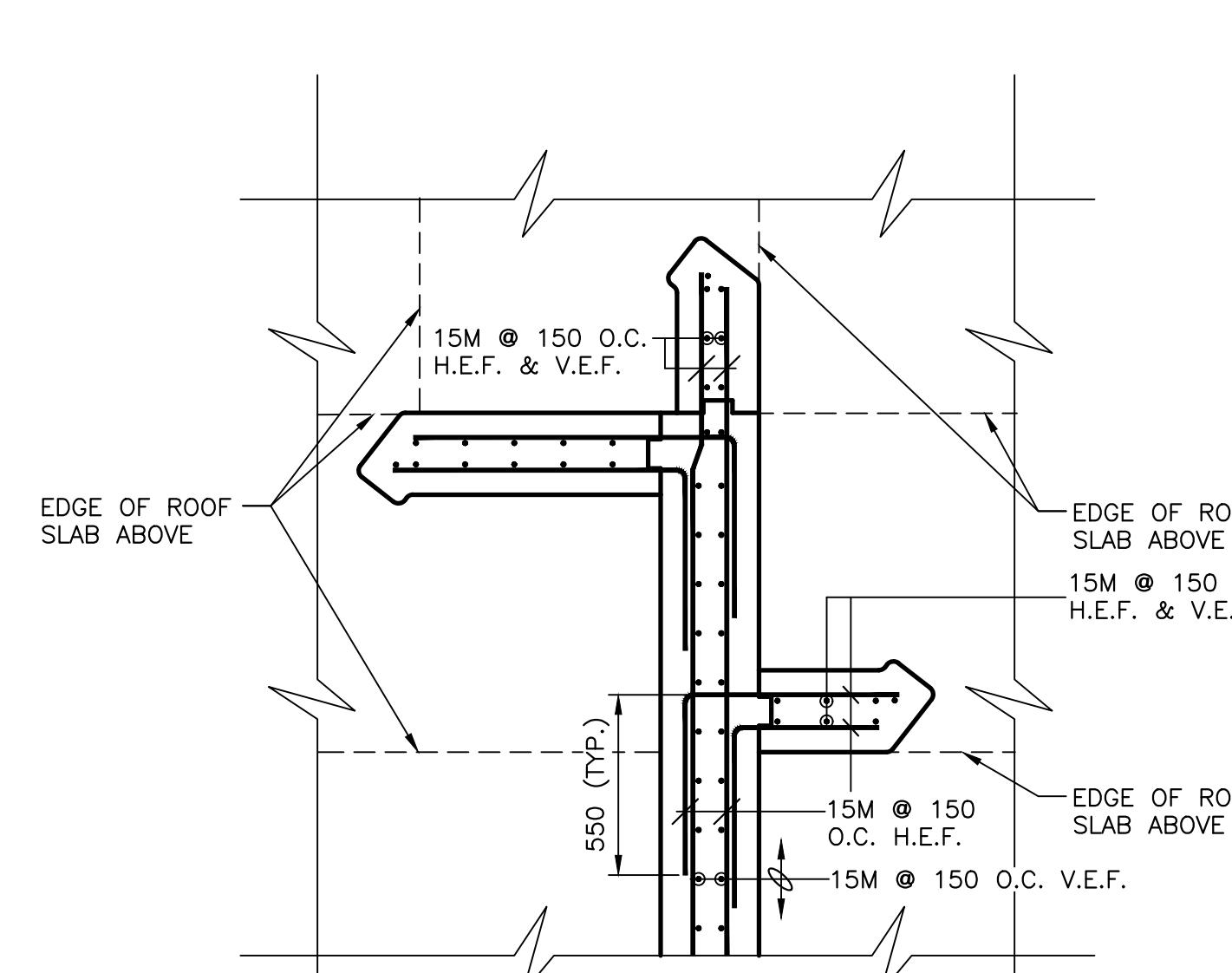
4 BAFFLE DETAIL - SECTION VIEW (TYP.)  
6 6  
SCALE : 1:15

GENERAL NOTES:

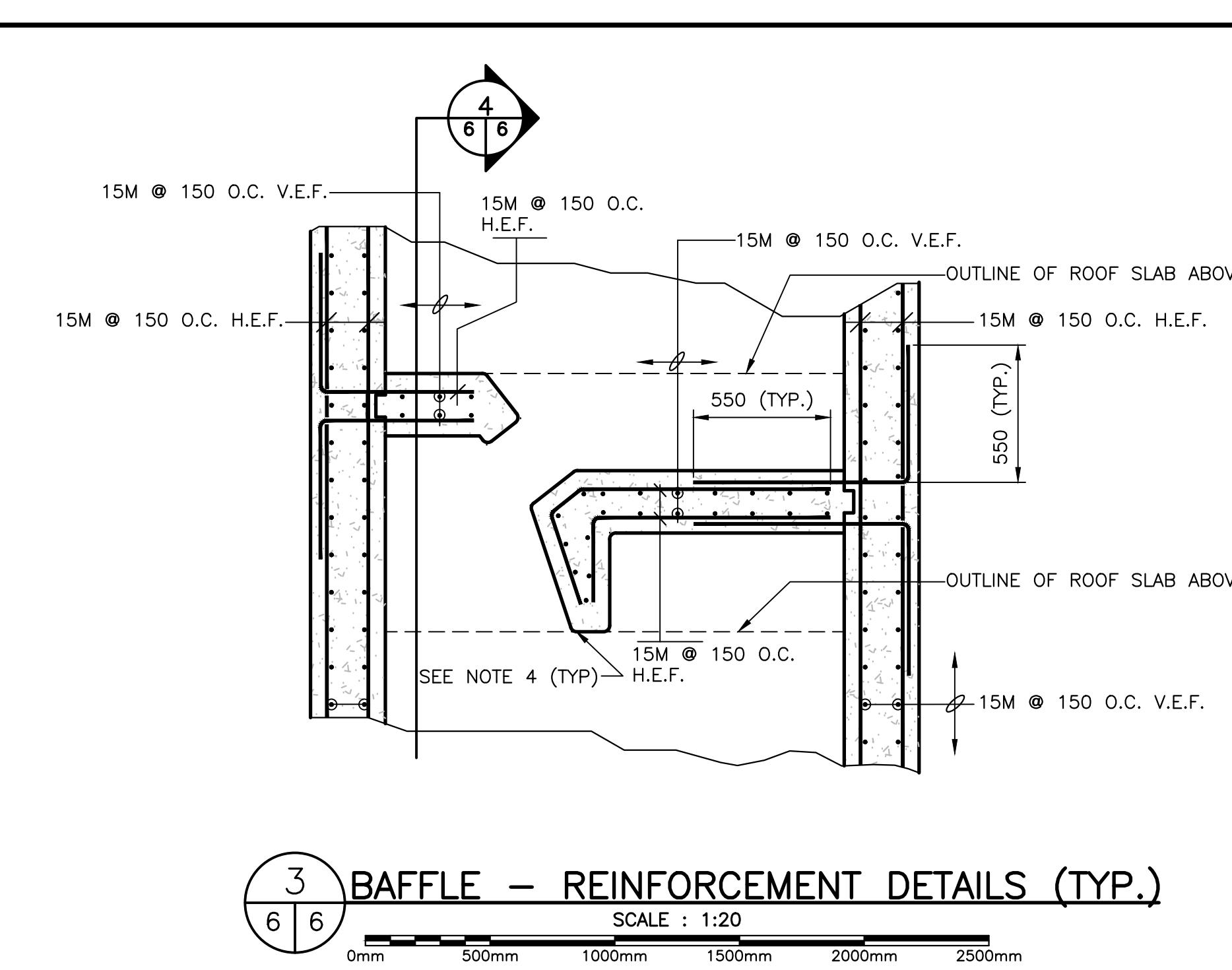
- ALL CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS TO BE FORMED WITH A KEYWAY, AND THE BONDING SURFACES INTENTIONALLY ROUGHENED TO A FULL AMPLITUDE OF AT LEAST 5 mm. CONSTRUCTION JOINTS IN EXTERIOR WALLS SHALL ALSO INCLUDE WATERSTOP.
- THE 300mm BAFFLE WALL SLOT OPENING IS CRITICAL AND THEREFORE ALL EFFORTS SHALL BE MADE TO CONSTRUCT THIS OPENING TO THE EXACT DIMENSION. ANY SLOT OPENING CONSTRUCTED BEYOND THE RANGE OF 288mm TO 312mm WIDE WILL NEED TO BE RECONSTRUCTED TO APPROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE.
- THE EXTERIOR VERTICAL CORNERS OF ALL CONCRETE INSIDE FISHWAY TO BE PROVIDED WITH A ROUNDED CHAMFER TO ELIMINATE ALL SHARP EDGES TO APPROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE.
- REMOVE LOOSE AND FRAGMENTED ROCK TO EXPOSE A SOUND COMPETENT BEDROCK LAYER (WITH ROUGHENED SURFACE) TO ACCEPTANCE OF THE DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF CONCRETE ON ROCK. APPLY BONDING AGENT "WELDCRETE" OR APPROVED EQUAL TO ALL CONCRETE/ROCK INTERFACES.
- APPLY BONDING AGENT "WELDCRETE" OR APPROVED EQUAL TO ALL CONCRETE TO CONCRETE INTERFACES INCLUDING ALL SURFACES OF HARDENED CONCRETE BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE POURS. THE CONCRETE INTERFACE SHALL BE ROUGHENED TO A FULL AMPLITUDE OF AT LEAST 5mm.
- ATTRACTION FLOW OUTLET SCREEN GRATING, BORDER TYPE E, (18-R-3.5), RIVETED GRATING, NON-SERRATED EDGE, SIZE NO. 9, BEARING BAR SIZE 44.5X5, GALVANIZED OR APPROVED EQUAL GRATING TO BE FULLY BANDED.
- NEW PVC ATTRACTION FLOW PIPE SYSTEM TO INCLUDE ALL NECESSARY FITTINGS, CONNECTIONS, VALVES, BENDS, SCREEN CAPS, AND ALL OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED TO INSTALL THE PIPE AS SHOWN AND AS DIRECTED IN THE FIELD BY THE DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE.
- ALL PVC PIPE ENCASED IN CONCRETE TO BE JOINED BY BELL ENDS, AS PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHOD. ENCASE PVC PIPE IN CONCRETE AS PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. SUPPLY AND INSTALL ANY ADDITIONAL FITTINGS, JOINTS AND/OR COMPRESSIBLE WRAP AS REQUIRED.
9. ALL DOWELS TO BE ANCHORED INTO CONCRETE WITH SIMPSON STRONGBIE ET-HP (METRIC) ADHESIVE, OR APPROVED EQUAL.
10. THE INTERFACE SURFACE OF THE EXISTING CONCRETE SHALL BE INTENTIONALLY ROUGHENED TO FULL AMPLITUDE OF AT LEAST 5mm ALONG WITH THE APPLICATION OF AN APPROVED BONDING AGENT OVER THE FULL INTERFACE SURFACES, TYPICAL.
11. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.
12. ALL ELEVATIONS IN METERS.
13. DO NOT SCALE FROM DRAWINGS, USE DIMENSIONS AS SHOWN.



2 BAFFLE DETAIL - SECTION VIEW (TYP.)  
6 6  
SCALE : 1:25



5 BAFFLE - REINFORCEMENT DETAILS  
5 6  
SCALE : 1:20



3 BAFFLE - REINFORCEMENT DETAILS (TYP.)  
6 6  
SCALE : 1:20

REINFORCING TERMS:  
H.E.F. = HORIZONTAL EACH FACE  
V.E.F. = VERTICAL EACH FACE  
T&B = TOP AND BOTTOM  
o.c. = ON CENTER

R.114129.002

B ISSUED FOR 50% REVIEW 21/08/08  
A ISSUED FOR 33% REVIEW 21/07/08

revisions date

project projet

LOMOND RIVER  
FISHWAY REPLACEMENT

LOMOND RIVER, NL

drawing dessin

BAFFLE DETAILS

designed K. FITZGERALD  
date JUNE 2021

drawn M. LEGGE  
date JUNE 2021

approved approuvé

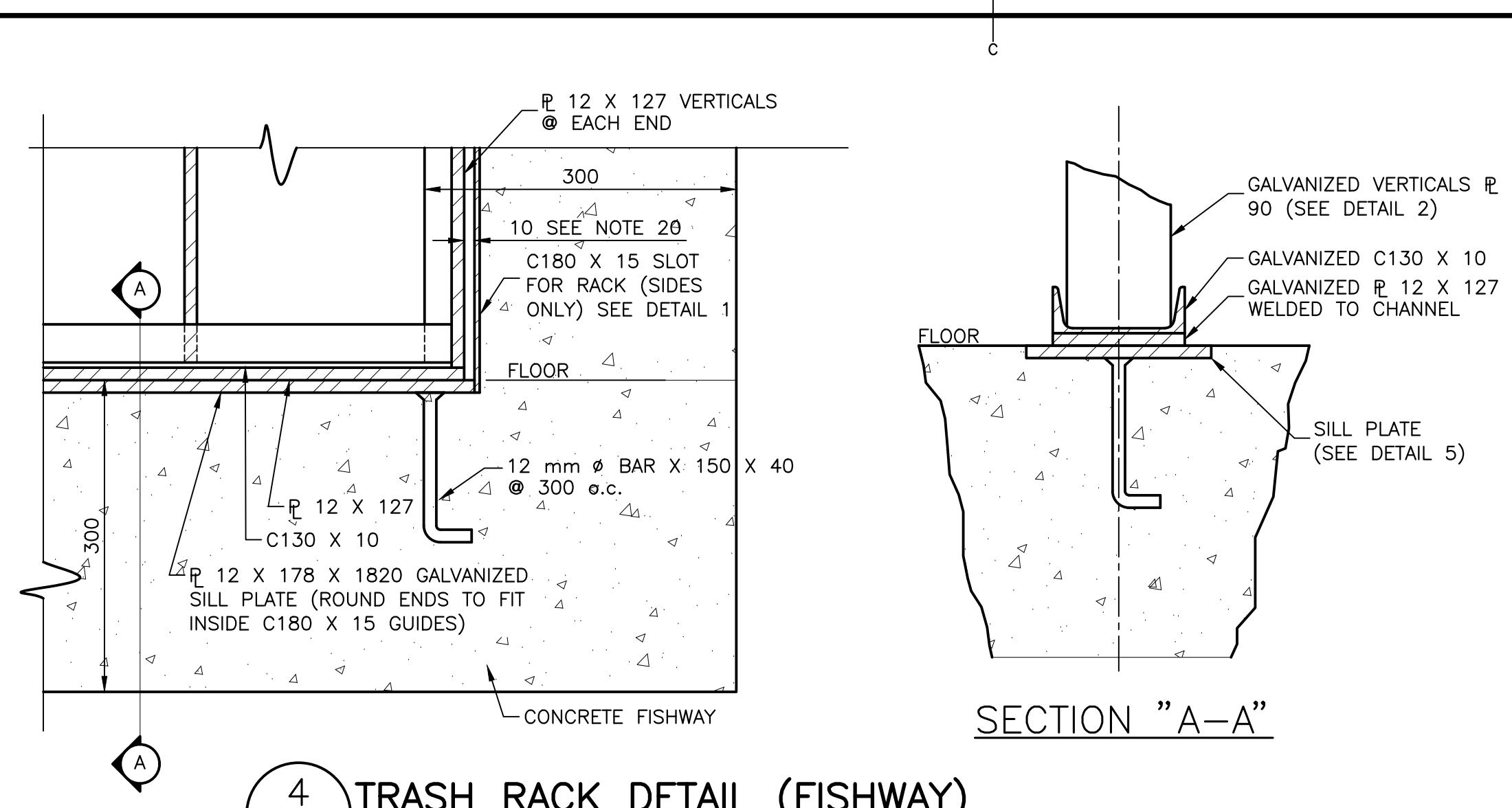
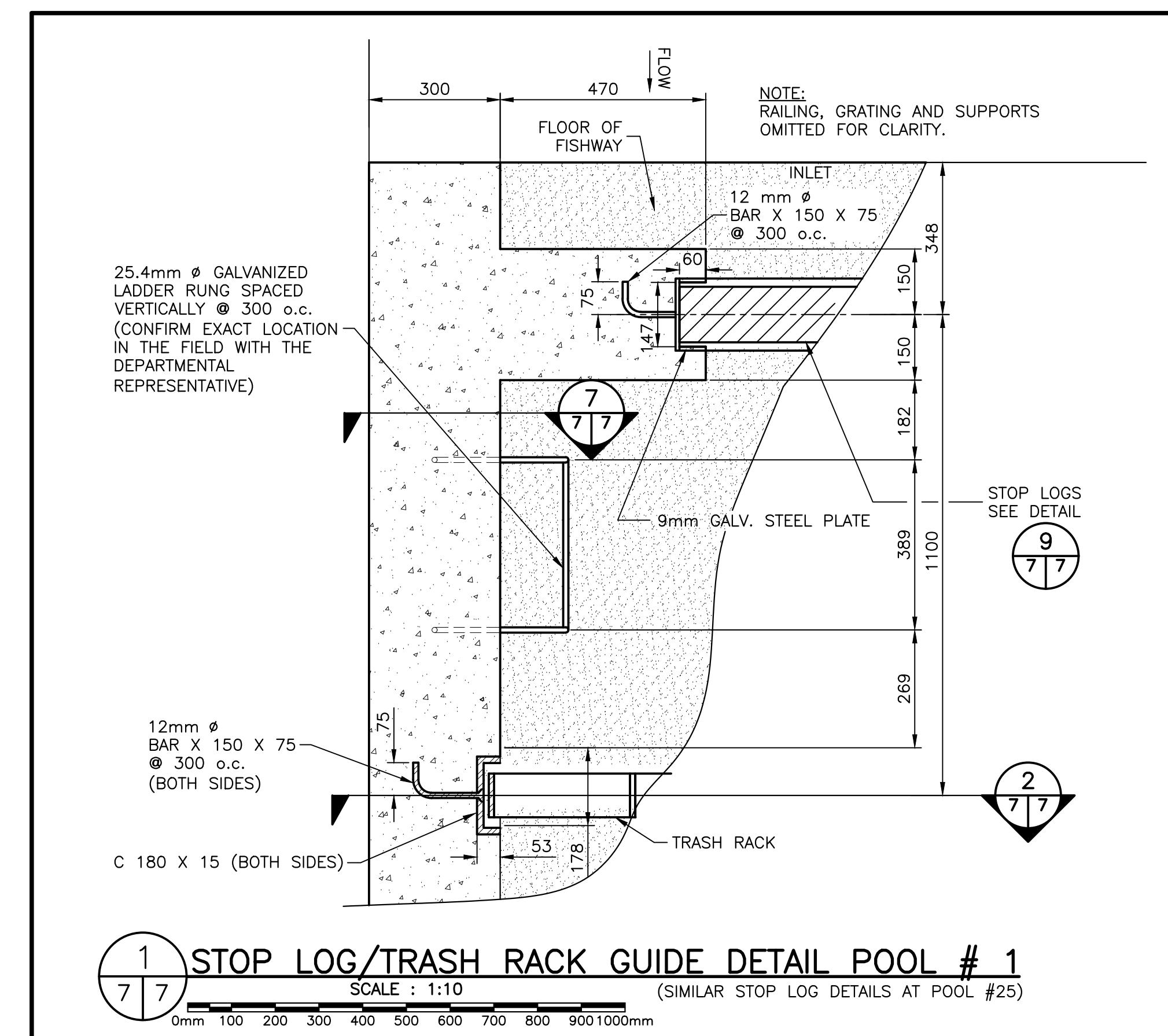
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Tender Soumission

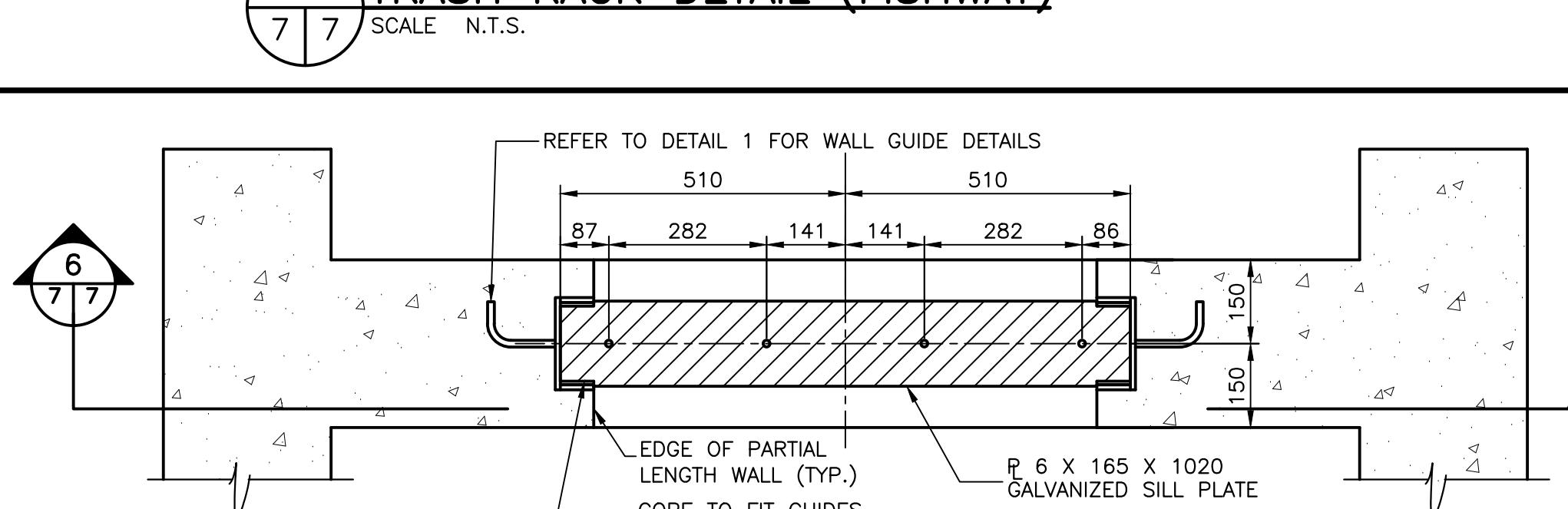
PWGSC Project Manager Administrateur de projets TPSCG

project number no. du projet

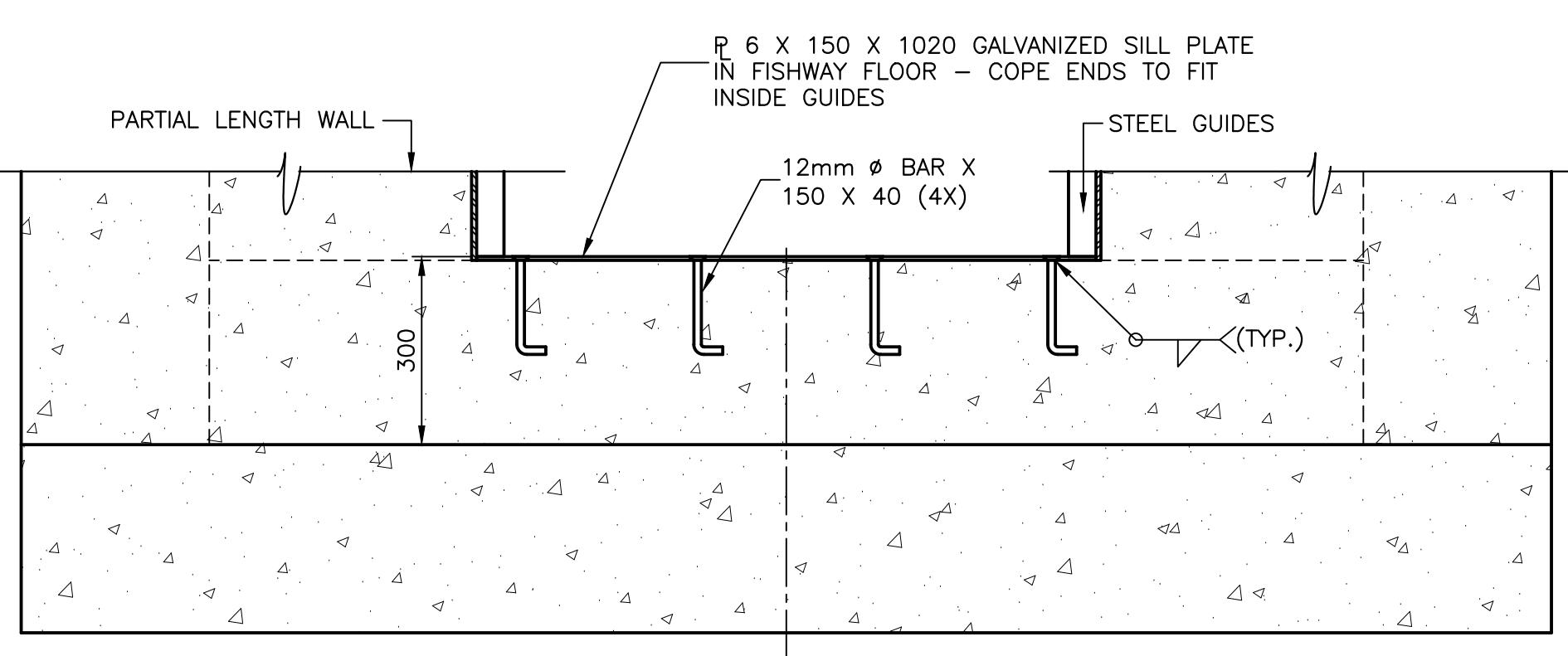
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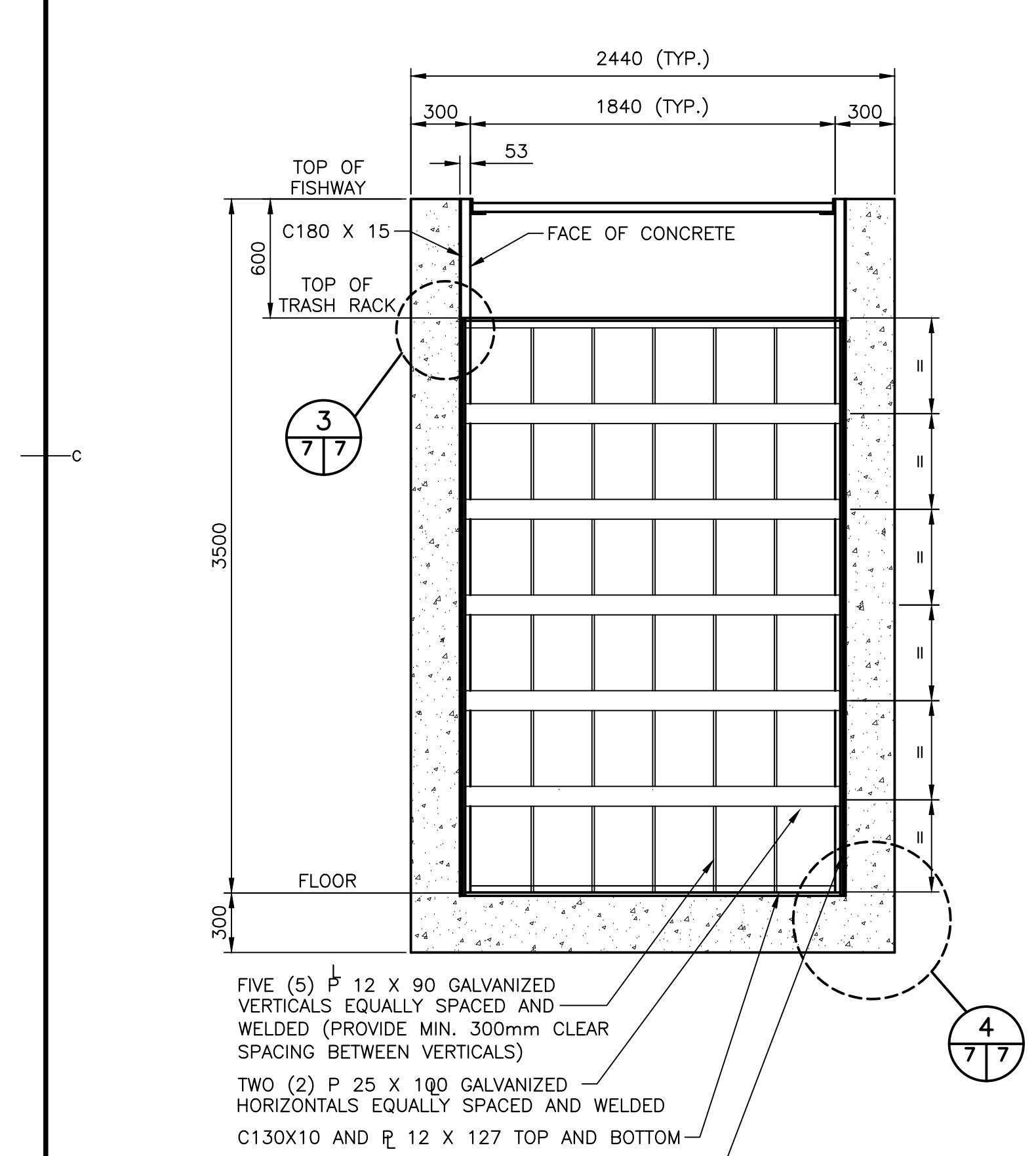
SECTION "A-A"



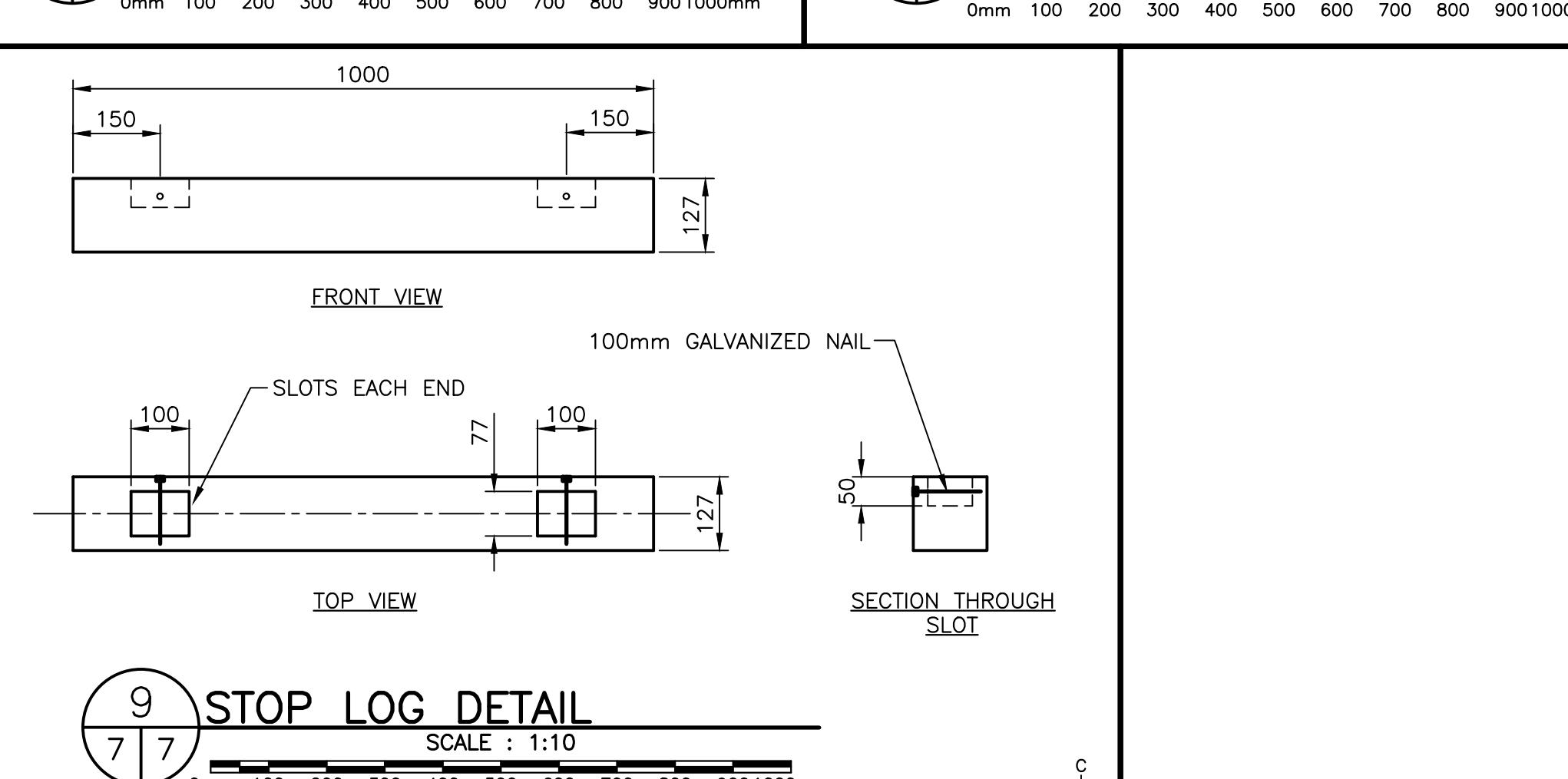
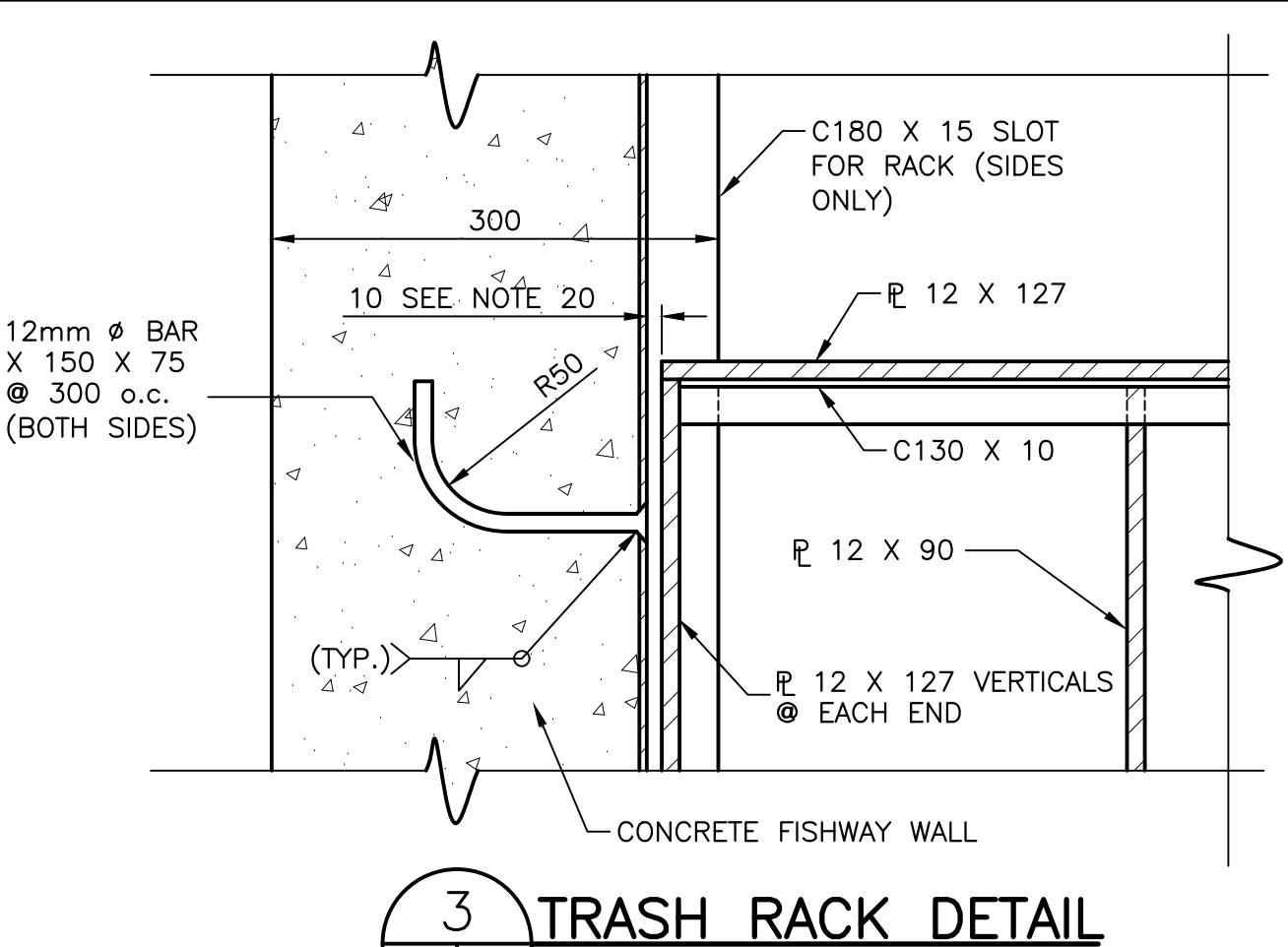
5 STOP LOG SILL DETAIL  
7 7 SCALE N.T.S.



6 STOP LOG SILL SECTION  
7 7 SCALE: 1:5  
0mm 100mm 200mm 300mm 400mm 500mm



NOTE:  
NEW LEVELING CONCRETE AND RAILING OMITTED FROM SECTION FOR CLARITY.  
2 TRASH RACK DETAIL  
7 7 SCALE: 1:25  
0mm 500mm 1000mm 1500mm 2000mm 2500mm



GENERAL NOTES:

- DO NOT SCALE FROM DRAWINGS.
- ALL ELEVATIONS ARE IN METERS.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- REMOVE LOOSE AND FRAGMENTED ROCK TO EXPOSE A SOUND COMPETENT SURFACE TO ACCEPTANCE OF THE DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF CONCRETE ON ROCK. APPLY BONDING AGENT "WELDCRETE" OR APPROVED EQUAL TO ALL CONCRETE/ROCK INTERFACES.
- WHERE CONCRETE IS REQUIRED BEHIND SPECIFIED WALL ELEVATION, DOWELS TO BE INCREASED IN LENGTH AS REQUIRED TO EXTEND UP INTO ORIGINAL WALL AS SHOWN.
- ALL EXTERIOR VERTICAL CORNERS OF CONCRETE INSIDE FISHWAY TO BE PROVIDED WITH A ROUNDED CHAMFER TO ELIMINATE ALL SHARP EDGES.
- PROVIDE REINFORCEMENT AT ALL CORNERS AND INTERSECTIONS TO BE SAME BAR SIZE AND SPACING AS MAIN REINFORCEMENT.
- MINIMUM SPLICE LENGTHS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CSA STANDARD A23.3-04
- CONCRETE COVER TO BE 75mm ALL AREAS, ALL CONDITIONS.
- MINIMUM 28 DAY CONCRETE STRENGTH LEVELING CONCRETE = 30 MPa, ALL OTHER = 35 MPa.
- REINFORCING STEEL YIELD STRENGTH = 400 MPa.
- REINFORCING IS OMITTED IN SOME DETAILS FOR CLARITY. REFER TO APPROPRIATE DETAILS ACCORDINGLY.
- ALL CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS TO BE FORMED WITH A KEYWAY, THE BONDING SURFACES INTENTIONALLY ROUGHENED TO A FULL AMPLITUDE OF 5mm. CONSTRUCTION JOINTS IN THE EXTERIOR WALLS ARE TO INCLUDE CONTINUOUS WATER STOPS.
- THE TOP SURFACE OF LEVELING CONCRETE IS TO BE INTENTIONALLY ROUGHENED TO A FULL AMPLITUDE OF AT LEAST 5mm.
- BONDING AGENT TO BE "WELDCRETE" OR APPROVED EQUAL. BONDING AGENT TO BE APPLIED TO ALL CONCRETE/ROCK INTERFACES.
- MINIMUM STRENGTH OF GROUT TO BE 40 MPa.
- CONTACTOR TO CONFIRM ALL DIMENSIONS PRIOR TO START OF CONSTRUCTION AND NOTIFY DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE OF ANY DISCREPANCIES.
- DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE TO INSPECT ALL ROCK ANCHOR LOCATIONS PRIOR TO DRILLING.
- ALLOW FOR 10mm CLEARANCE BETWEEN TRASH RACK AND VERTICAL CHANNEL TO ALLEVIATE BINDING DURING INSERTION AND REMOVAL OF TRASH RACK.
- STEEL REINFORCING OMITTED FROM THESE DETAILS FOR CLARITY.
- REMOVE LOOSE AND FRAGMENTED ROCK TO EXPOSE A SOUND COMPETENT BEDROCK LAYER (WITH ROUGHENED SURFACE) TO ACCEPTANCE OF THE DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF CONCRETE ON ROCK. APPLY BONDING AGENT "WELDCRETE" OR APPROVED EQUAL TO ALL CONCRETE/ROCK INTERFACES.
- APPLY BONDING AGENT "WELDCRETE" OR APPROVED EQUAL TO ALL CONCRETE TO CONCRETE INTERFACES INCLUDING ALL SURFACES OF HARDEN CONCRETE BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE POURS. THE CONCRETE INTERFACE SHALL BE ROUGHENED TO A FULL AMPLITUDE OF AT LEAST 5mm.
- ALL FABRICATED SECTIONS INCLUDING ALL STEEL SECTIONS AND PLATE SHALL BE WELDED ALL AROUND (FULL PERIMETER) WITH FILLET WELD, (WHERE POSSIBLE) IN AREAS OF IRREGULAR ADJOINING SURFACES USE A COMPLETE JOINT PENETRATION, ALL AROUND (FULL PERIMETER) GROOVE WELD TO CSA S16-09 STANDARDS FOR DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES. ALL WELDING TO BE EQUAL TO OR STRONGER THAN THE STEEL SECTIONS BEING ATTACHED. WELDING AND FABRICATION SHOP DRAWINGS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND STAMPED BY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER LICENCED TO PRACTICE IN THE PROVINCE OF NL.
- WELDING TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CSA W59.
- SUBMIT FABRICATION DRAWINGS UNDER SEAL OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER LICENCED TO PRACTICE IN THE PROVINCE OF NL. ANY ALTERATIONS TO THE FABRICATED SECTIONS FROM WHAT IS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE INCLUDED ON THE STAMPED FABRICATION DRAWINGS.
- ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN FOR FABRICATED STEEL SECTIONS ARE CONSIDERED APPROXIMATE. FABRICATOR SHALL CONFIRM ALL DIMENSIONS AND NOTIFY DEPARTMENTAL REPRESENTATIVE OF ANY DISCREPANCIES PRIOR TO FABRICATION.

B	ISSUED FOR 50% REVIEW	21/08/2021
A	ISSUED FOR 33% REVIEW	21/07/2021
revisions	date	date

project  
projet

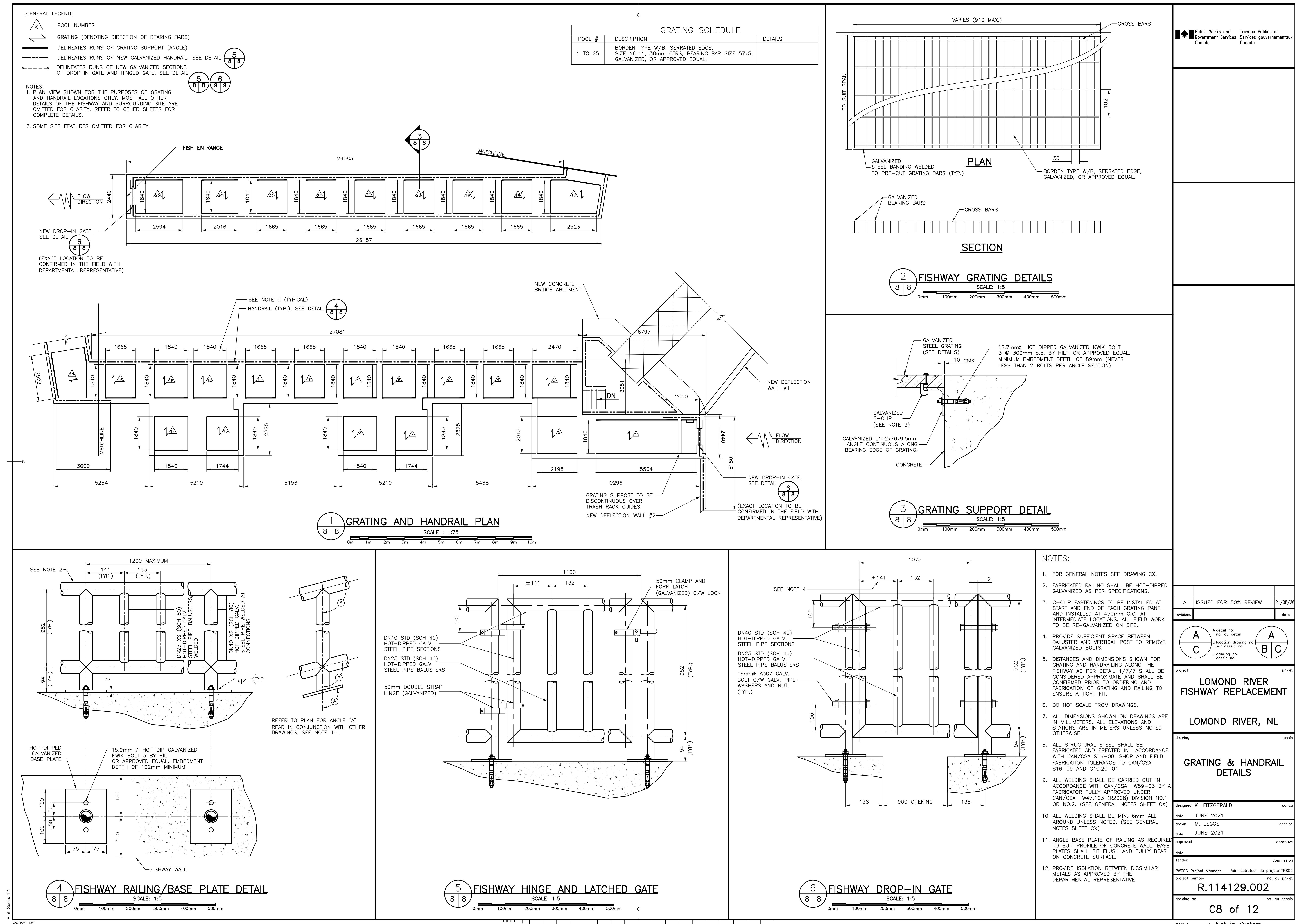
LOMOND RIVER  
FISHWAY REPLACEMENT

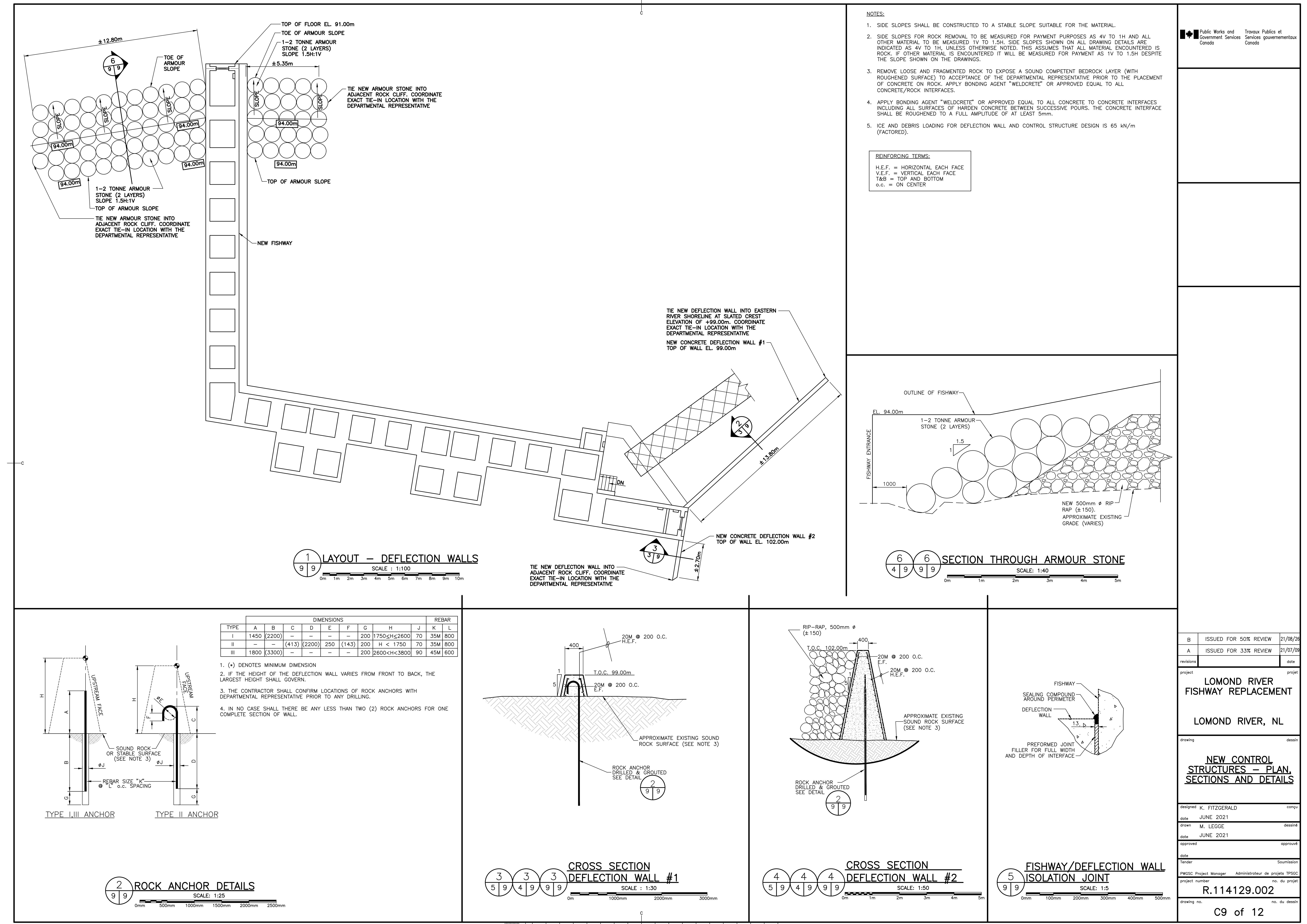
LOMOND RIVER, NL

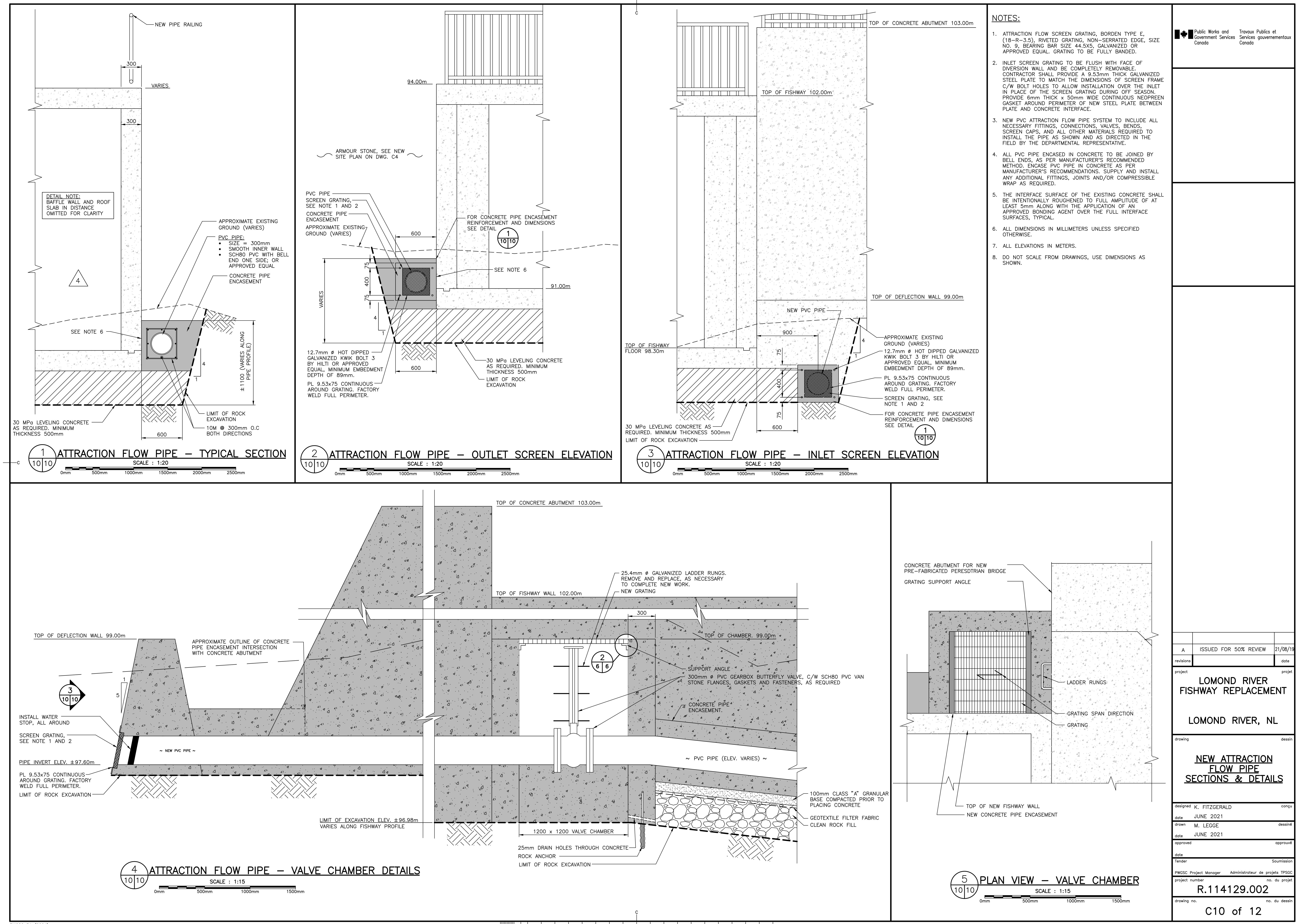
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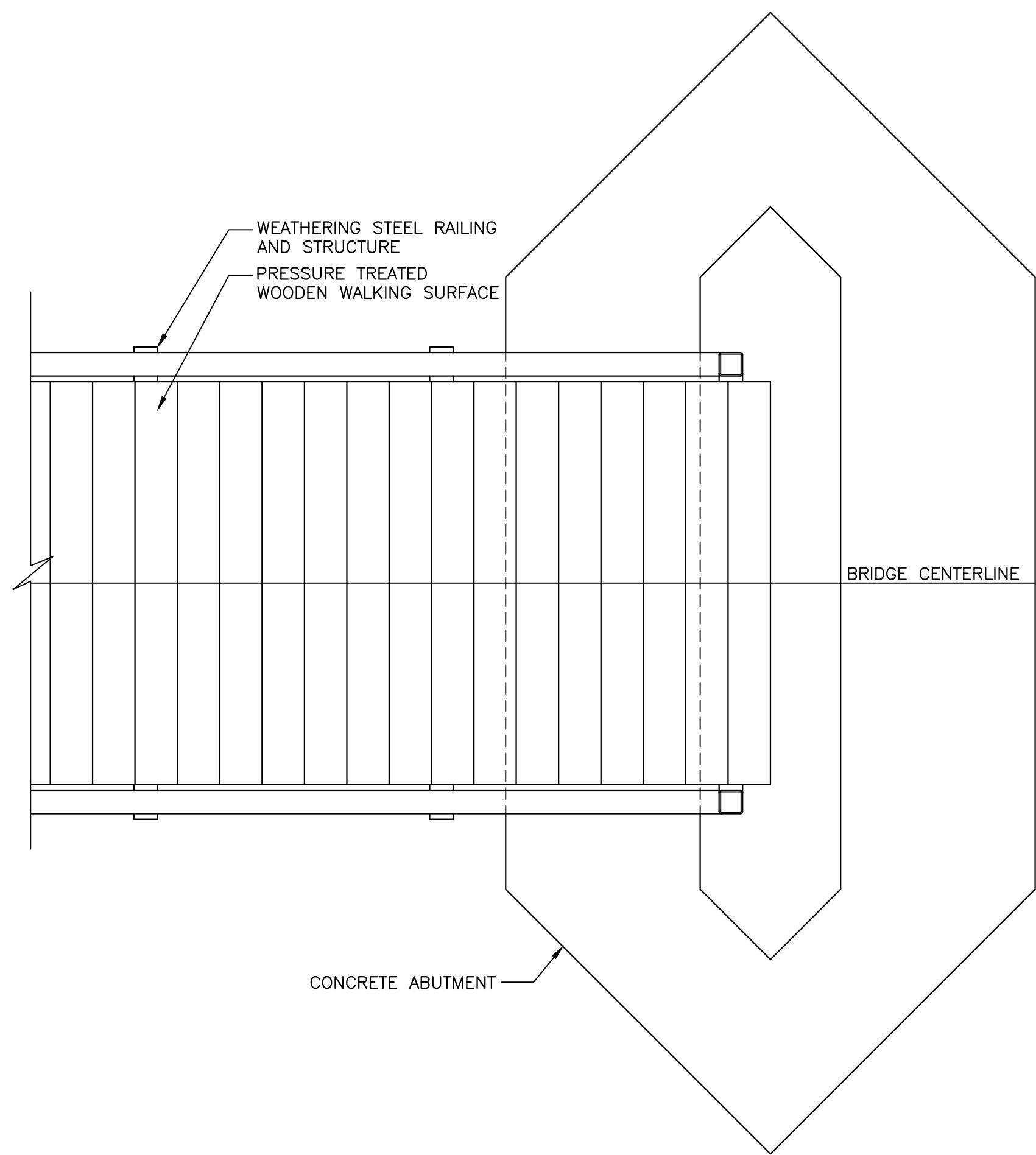
NEW TRASH RACK  
& STOP LOG DETAILS

designed K. FITZGERALD  
date JUNE 2021  
drawn M. LEGGE  
date JUNE 2021  
approved  
date  
Tender  
Submission  
PWGSC Project Manager  
project number  
R.114129.002  
drawing no.  
no. du dessin  
C7 of 12

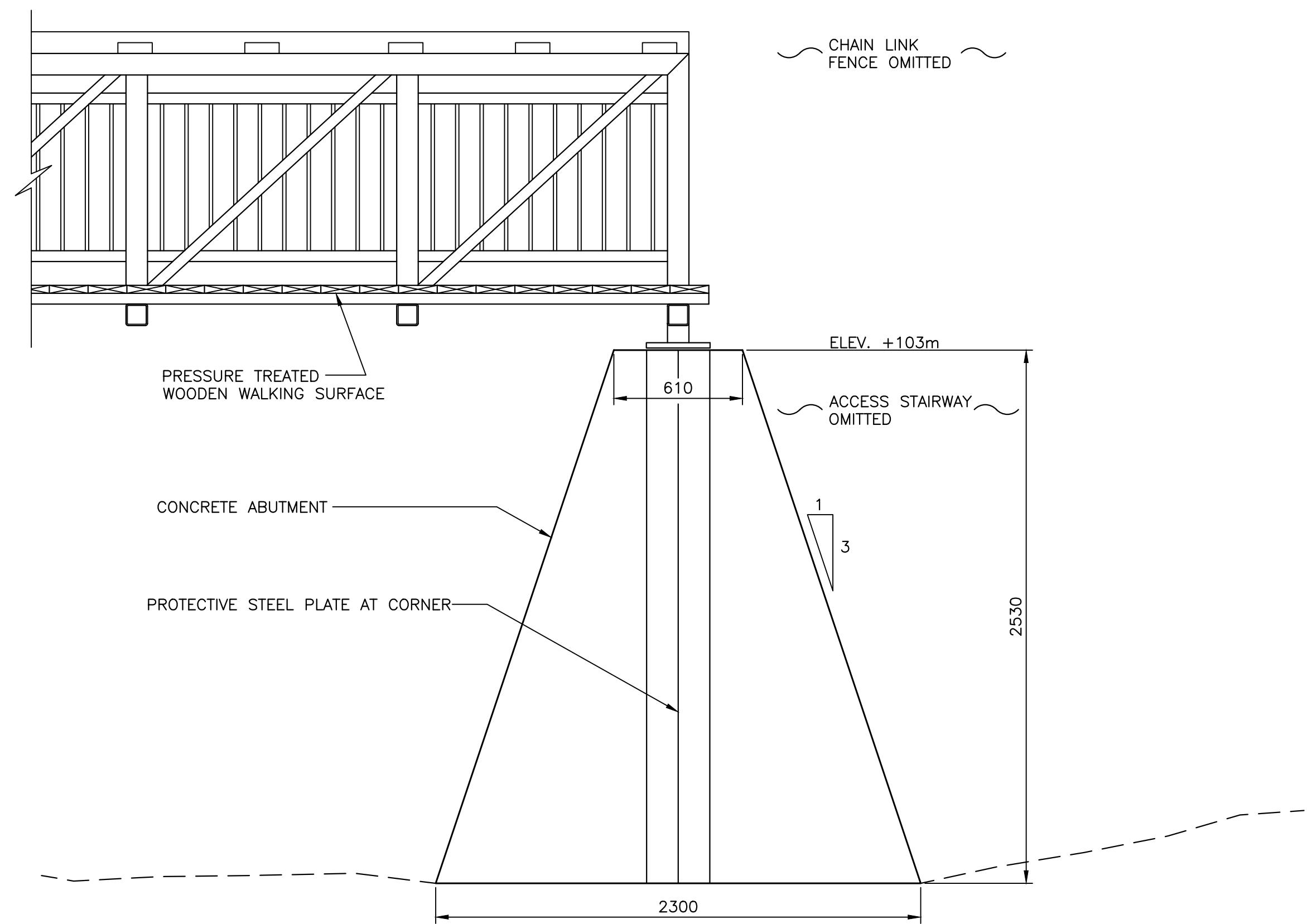




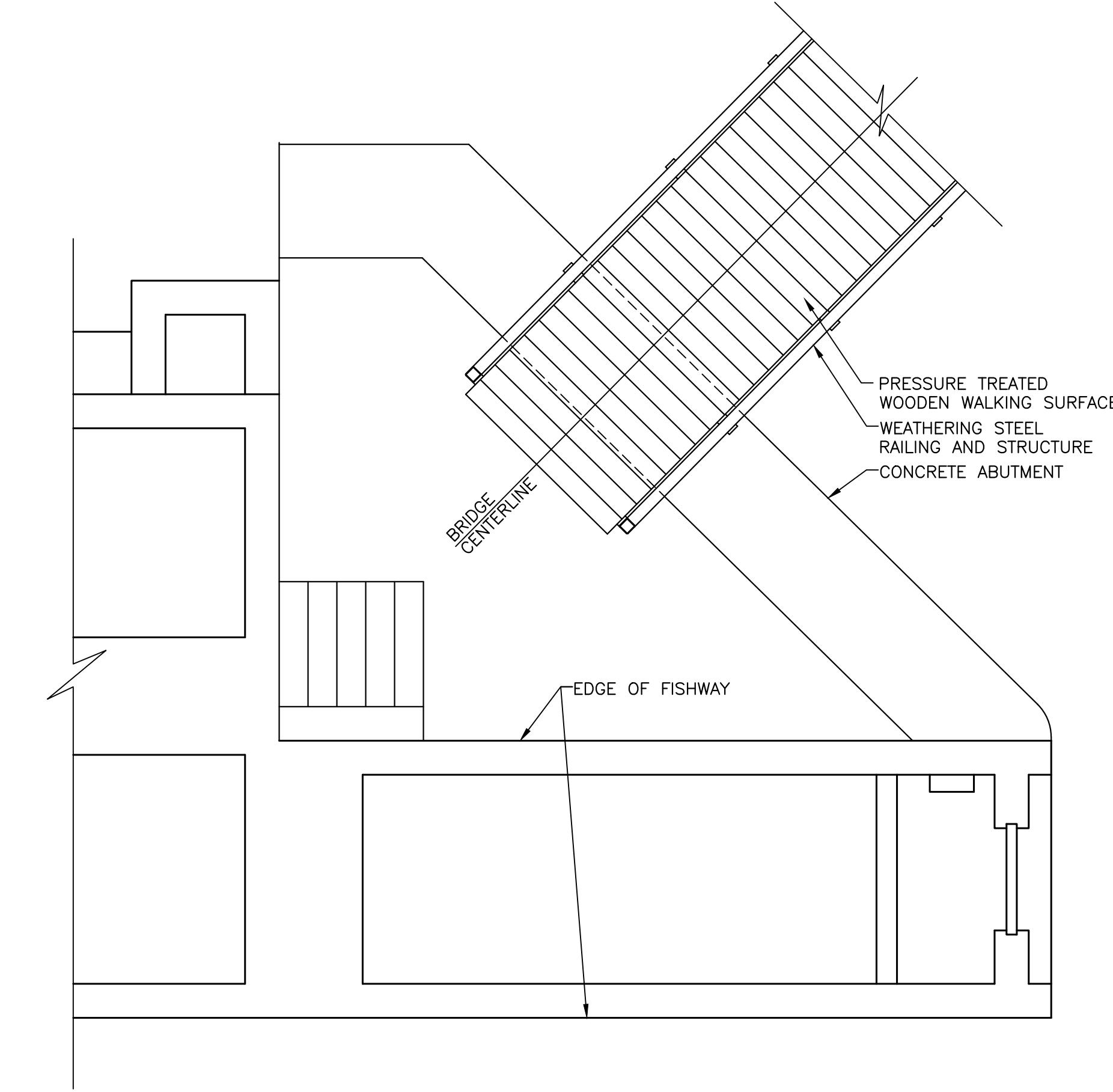




1 PARTIAL PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE/ABUTMENT PLAN  
11 11  
SCALE : 1:20  
0mm 500mm 1000mm 1500mm 2000mm 2500mm



6  
11 11  
PARTIAL PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE/ABUTMENT SECTION  
SCALE : 1:20  
0mm 500mm 1000mm 1500mm 2000mm 2500mm



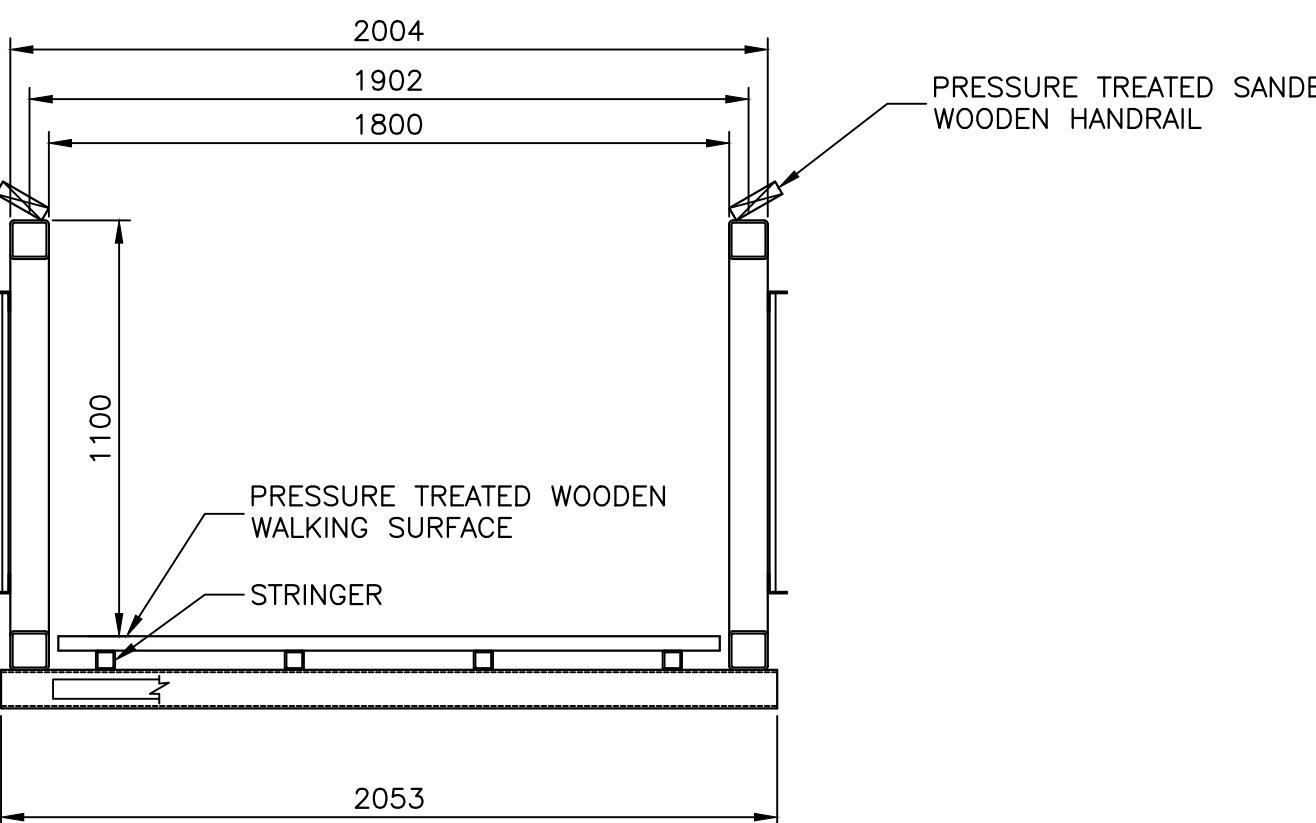
3  
11 11

# PARTIAL PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE/ABUTMENT PLAN

SCALE: 1:40



0m 1m 2m 3m 4m 5m



4

11 11

TYPICAL PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE SECTION

SCALE : 1:20

0mm 500mm 1000mm 1500mm 2000mm 2500mm

B	ISSUED FOR 50% REVIEW	21/08/26
A	ISSUED FOR 33% REVIEW	21/07/09

# LOMOND RIVER FISHWAY REPLACEMENT

## LOMOND RIVER, NL

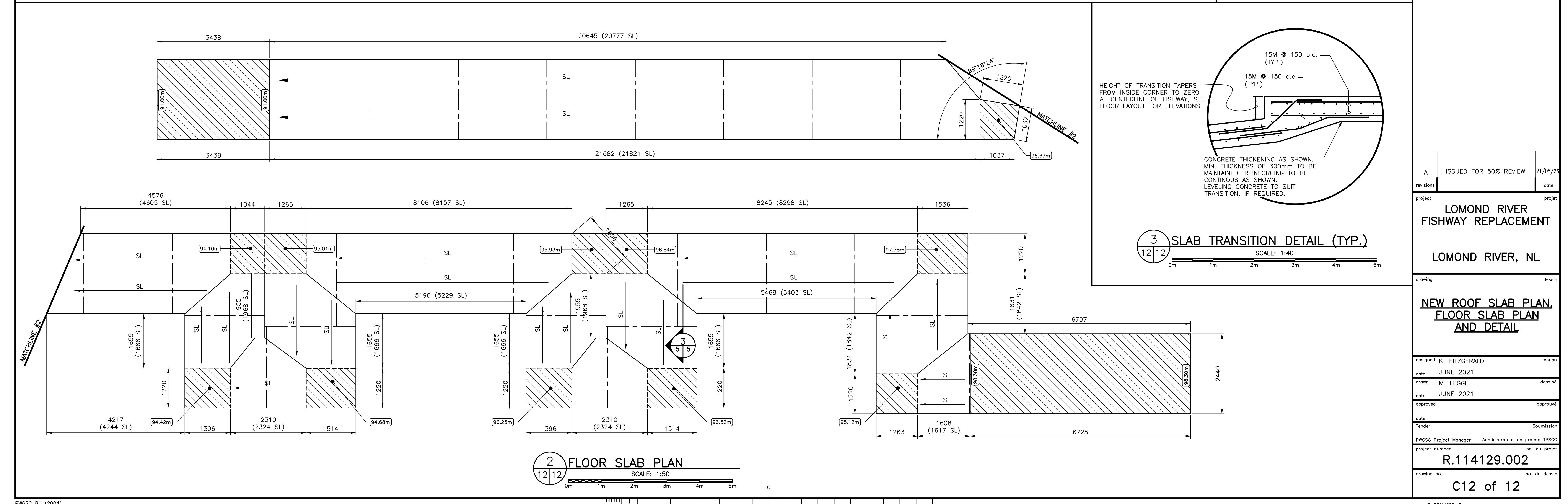
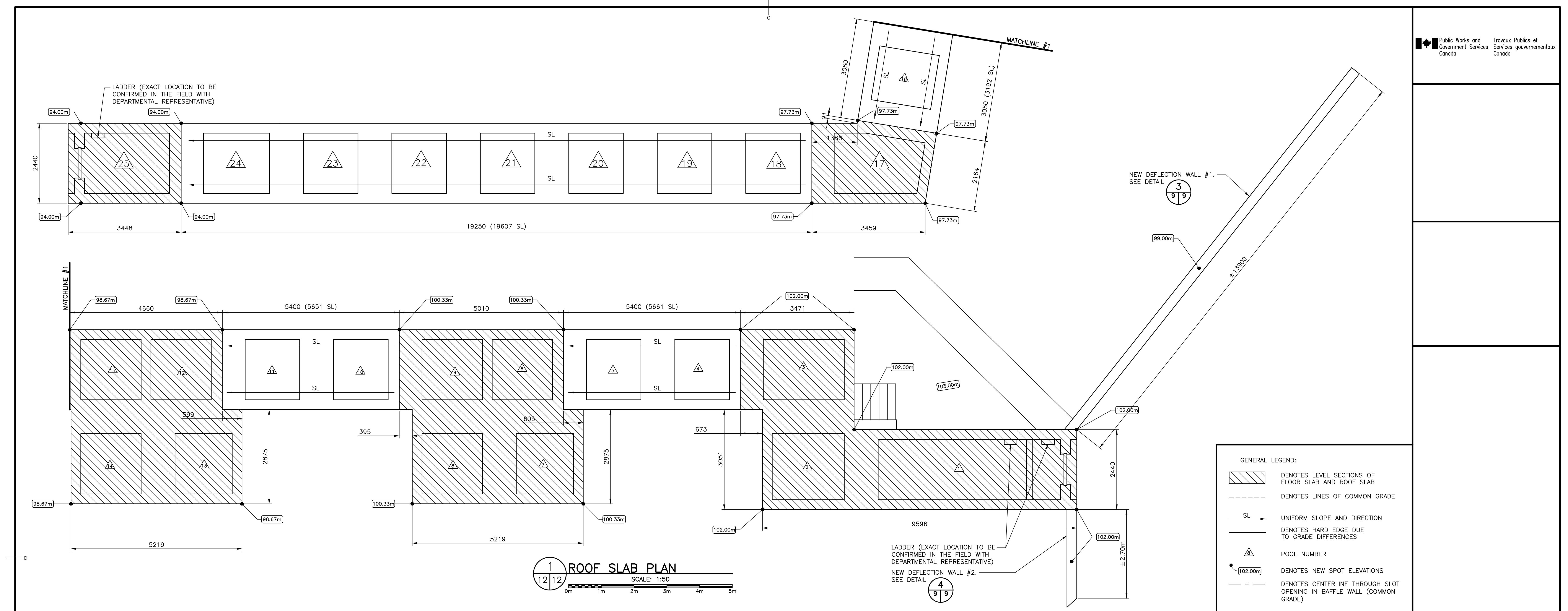
# NEW PRE-ENGINEERED PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE PLAN AND DETAILS

signed K. FITZGERALD conçu  
e JUNE 2021 dessiné  
wn M. LEGGE  
e JUNE 2021

der	Soumission
GSC Project Manager	Administrateur de projets TPSGC
ject number	no. du projet
<b>R.114129.002</b>	
wing no.	no. du dessin
G11 6-18	

C11 of 12

TES:	date
ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.	Tender Soumission
ALL ELEVATIONS AND STATIONS ARE IN METERS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.	PWGSC Project Manager Administrateur de projets TPSGC
DO NOT SCALE FROM DRAWINGS.	project number no. du projet
	R.114129.002
	drawing no. no. du dessin
	C11 of 12



**APPENDIX C**  
**Construction Schedule**

**PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING SCHEUDLE**  
**Lomond River Fishway Replacement**

**RS4 Design Stage (50%)**

PSPC Project Number: R.114129.002

MEI Project Number: CC21025PWS

Date: 12 Aug 2021

Phases of Work	Dates	Work Scope	Major Milestones
<b>PHASE 1</b>	YEAR: 2022 DURATION: 2M (April to May)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mobilization to site.</li> <li>• Complete any necessary upgrades to Tower Road.</li> <li>• Construct new temporary access road to fishway site with new laydown and turnaround.</li> <li>• Secure construction site.</li> <li>• Complete shoreline preparatory work and enhancements, adjacent to existing fishway, for equipment access. Work Includes, clearing and removal of unstable cliff rock and backfilling.</li> <li>• Install berms and dewatering devices.</li> <li>• Provide temporary access to downstream portion of fishway for fish transfer purposes.</li> <li>• Start demolition and removal existing diversion walls and existing bridge abutments.</li> <li>• Start demolition of existing upstream fishway pools, starting at pool #1 and working towards the downstream</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>New access road construction.</i></li> </ol>

		<p>pools. The two (2) existing downstream pools shall remain until fall of 2022. Demolition work to coincide with rock removal for the new fishway.</p>	
<b>PHASE 2</b>	<p>YEAR: 2022 DURATION: 4M (June to September) <i>(Manual Fish Transfer, Season #1)</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Coordinate and implement fish transfer plan. Use existing downstream pools to capture salmon. The two (2) existing downstream pools shall remain until fall of 2022.</li><li>Complete demolition of existing diversion walls and bridge abutments.</li><li>Continue with demolition of existing fishway pools (working from upstream to downstream). Demolition to coincide with rock removal for the new fishway. <i>{If required by governing authorities, deploy a bubble curtain (or similarly approved device), within the river near the busting location to reduce the propagation of underwater noise effects on the fish species.}</i></li><li>Start and complete construction of new upstream diversion walls and westside bridge abutment</li><li>Start construction of new fishway pools, working from upstream to downstream.</li><li>Demobilize fish transfer program (September 30<sup>th</sup>)</li></ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>1. Season 1 for fish transfer plan.</i></li><li><i>2. Complete demolition of diversion walls and bridge abutments.</i></li><li><i>3. Complete construction of upstream diversion walls and westside bridge abutment.</i></li><li><i>4. Start construction of upstream fishway pools.</i></li></ol>
<b>PHASE 3</b>	<p>YEAR: 2022 DURATION: 2.5M (October to December)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Concentrated effort on demolition and reconstruction of downstream pools for the construction of new fishway pools No. 23 to 25. These pools will be utilized for the 2023 fish transfer program.</li><li>Start rock backfilling the downstream portion of the uplands area with rip-rap and armour stone protection.</li></ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>1. Complete new fishway pools 23 to 25 for 2023 fish transfer program.</i></li></ol>

		<p>This work shall coincide with the construction of pools No. 23 to 25.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• As water and weather conditions remain appropriate, continue with demolition of existing fishway pools (working from upstream to downstream) Demolition to coincide with rock removal for the new fishway.</li><li>• If pools No. 23 and 25 are complete and conditions are appropriate, continue with construction of new fishway pools, working from and upstream to downstream direction.</li><li>• Temporary secure site and berms for winter shut down</li><li>• Demobilize for winter shut down.</li></ul>	
<b>PHASE 4</b>	YEAR: 2023 DURATION: 2M (April to May)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Mobilize to site.</li><li>• Reestablish berm and dewatering devices.</li><li>• Concentrated effort to complete any remaining work on new fishway pools No. 23 to 25 for the 2023 fish transfer program.</li><li>• Continue with rock backfilling the downstream portion of the uplands area with rip- rap and armour stone protection.</li><li>• continue with demolition of existing fishway pools (working from upstream to downstream) Demolition to coincide with rock removal for the new fishway.</li></ul>	
<b>PHASE 5</b>	YEAR: 2023 DURATION: 4M (June to September)  <i>(Manual Fish Transfer, Season #2)</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Coordinate and implement fish transfer plan. Use new downstream pools 23 to 25 to capture salmon.</li><li>• Complete construction of new fishway pools.</li><li>• Install new trash rack and stop logs.</li></ul>	<i>1. Complete new fishway pools. 2. Complete new attraction flow system.</i>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Complete construction of new flow augmentation piping system with concrete encasement.</li><li>• Continue rock backfilling the uplands area with rip- rap.</li></ul>	
<b>PHASE 6</b>	YEAR: 2023 DURATION: 2M (October to December)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Complete rock backfilling of uplands area with rip- rap.</li><li>• Complete site work on eastside riverbank for bridge launch and abutment construction.</li><li>• Construct eastside bridge abutment.</li><li>• Remove berms and dewatering devices.</li><li>• Demobilize for winter shut down.</li></ul>	<i>1. Complete rock backfilling of site. 2. Complete site work on eastside riverbank. 3. Complete eastside bridge abutment.</i>
<b>PHASE 7</b>	YEAR: 2024 DURATION: 5M (April to September)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Mobilize to site</li><li>• Installation of new pedestrian bridge.</li><li>• Remove all other site debris noted on the drawings.</li><li>• Install fishway grating and railing.</li><li>• Install new chain link fence and security gate on eastside bridge abutment.</li><li>• Install new fish trap for counting during the 2024 season.</li><li>• Install new chain link fencing and security gates along uplands side of the new fishway.</li><li>• Restore designated portions of the site to pre-construction conditions.</li><li>• Remove site security.</li><li>• Site cleanup.</li></ul>	<i>1. New pedestrian bridge. 2. Complete railing &amp; grating on fishway. 3. Install chain link fence and grates. 4. Site cleanup.</i>
<b>PHASE 8</b>	YEAR: 2025 DURATION: 2M (April to May)  <i>*Post 1 year warranty review*</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Remove access road and reinstate with footpath.</li></ul>	<i>1. Reinstate footpath.</i>

**Sequencing Notes:**

It is assumed for the purpose of this schedule that the engineering design and tendering is completed in the fall 2021. Based on this assumption, construction is estimated to start in the spring of 2022 and completed by late summer in 2024. This represents approximately 22 months of construction, with no construction activity during January, February, or March of each year, and includes two (2) interrupted salmon migration periods, one in 2022 and one in 2023. This schedule is largely dependent on weather conditions and river flow conditions. It is important to identify these risks now, so they can be appropriately managed in any long-term fiscal planning for the project.