



# Real Time Water Quality Report

## Humber River at Humber Village

Deployment Period  
2025-07-24 to 2025-09-25

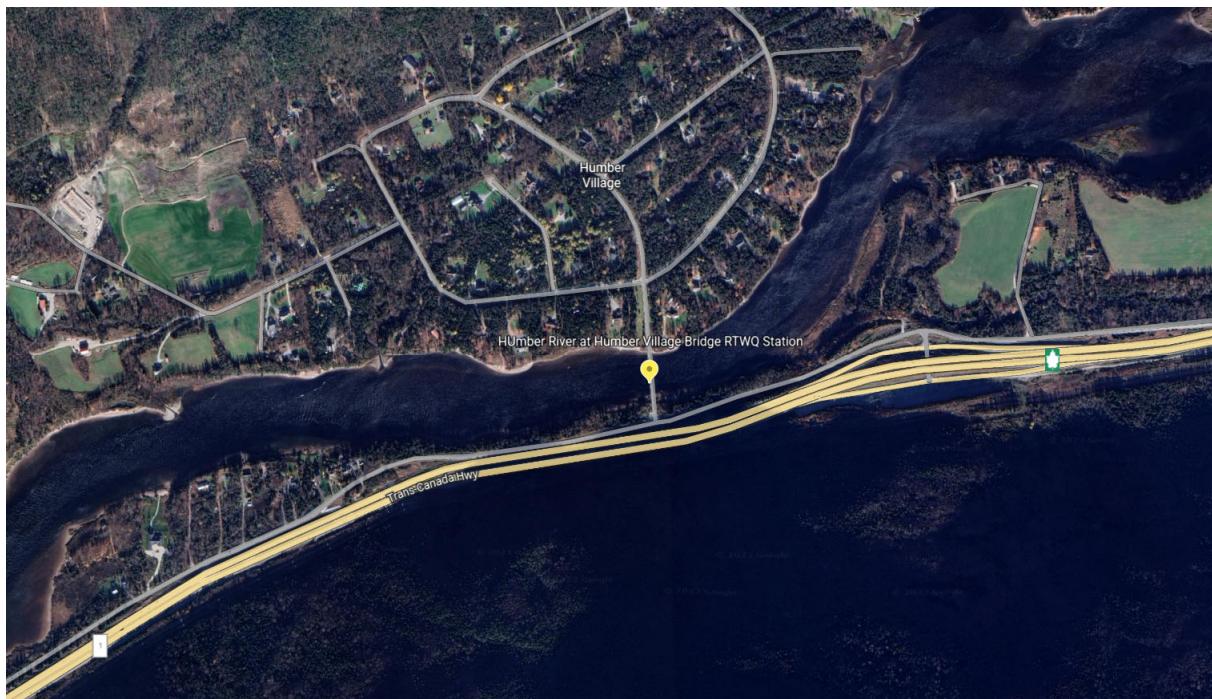


Government of Newfoundland & Labrador  
Department of Environment and Climate Change  
Water Resources Management Division



## General

The following report is a summary of water quality monitoring data collected in real-time at the Humber River at Humber Village Bridge station from July 24 to September 25, 2025.



**Figure 1: Humber River at Humber Village Bridge Real Time Water Quality station location**

This station operates year-round as part of the Provincial Real Time Water Quality (RTWQ) monitoring network. A multi-parameter sonde is deployed in the river and records parameters of interest including: temperature (°C); pH; dissolved oxygen (mg/L); specific conductivity (µS/cm); total dissolved solids (g/L) and turbidity (NTU). Staff at the Department of Environment and Climate Change (Water Resources Management Division-WRMD) monitor the data for potential environmental impacts. The sonde undergoes routine maintenance/calibration on a regular basis, after which the instrument is redeployed, generally within 24 hours.

## Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC)

A routine QA/QC performance test is administered on the instrument at the beginning and end of each deployment period. The methodology of this protocol can be found in Appendix A.

The purpose is to determine the accuracy of the instrument's sensors by cross-examining its initial readings against a control sonde which is deployed at the same time to compare parameters. Depending on these readings, the sensors of each parameter receive a qualitative rank (Appendix A) based on whether readings fall within a specified threshold. This will further ensure the integrity of the data's accuracy, so that the monitoring station delivers reliable results.

With the exception of water quantity data (i.e. stage), all other data used in the preparation of graphs and subsequent discussion below adhere to the stringent QA/QC protocol. The stage data is raw data that is transmitted via satellite and published on WRMD's webpage. It has not been corrected for backwater effect. Water Survey of Canada is responsible for QA/QC of water quantity data. Corrected data can be obtained upon request.

**Table 1: QA/QC water quality performance results for the beginning and end of deployment period.**

Station	Date	Action	Comparison Ranking				
			Temperature	pH	Conductivity	Dissolved Oxygen	Turbidity
Humber River at Humber Village Bridge	July 24	Deployment	Good	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
	Sept 25	Removal	Good	Fair	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent

All performance rankings at deployment and removal ranked 'good' or 'excellent' with the exception of pH at removal which ranked 'fair', likely due to some drift of the pH sensor over the long deployment.

## Deployment Notes

This deployment took place over the course of 61 days (July 24 to September 25, 2025), during which there were no significant interruptions or data loss.

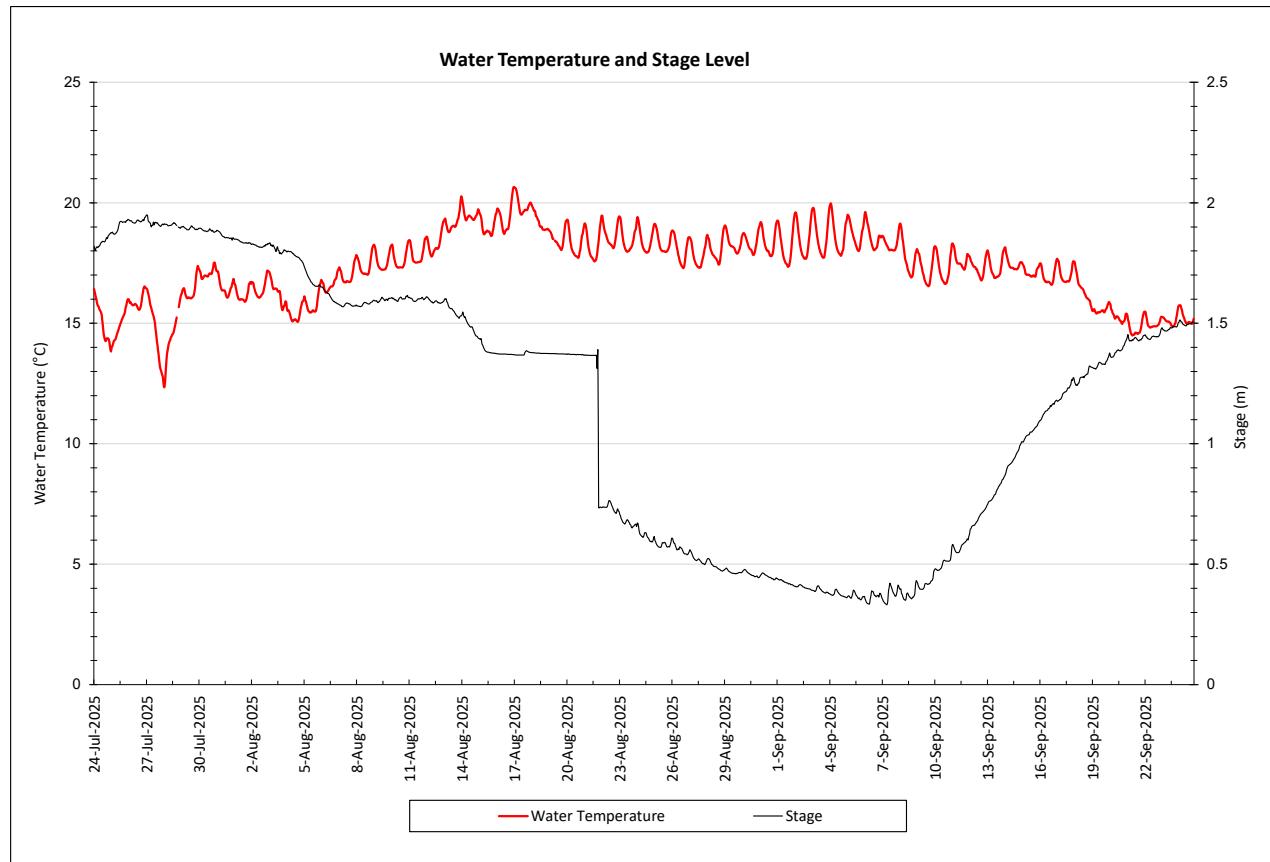
A noticeable drop in stage occurred August 22 as equipment was adjusted for accuracy by Water Survey of Canada.

## Data Interpretation

The following interpretations for the Humber River stations will cover the following six parameters: Stage (m); (2) Temperature (°C); (3) pH; (4) Specific Conductivity (µS/cm); (5) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L); (6) Turbidity (NTU).

## Temperature

- Throughout the deployment period, water temperatures ranged between 12.34 °C and 20.66 °C, with an average temperature of 17.34 °C.
- Water temperatures continued to rise steadily, peaking on August 17, before beginning a gradual decrease into late summer, in-line with seasonal trends.
- Water temperature values display a natural diurnal pattern with temperatures increasing during the day and decreasing overnight. The magnitude of variation was influenced by daily air temperature fluctuations as well as precipitation events.



**Figure 2: Water Temperature and Stage at Humber River at Humber Village Bridge**

## pH

- pH ranged between 6.91 and 7.39 during the deployment period, with an average of 7.16 pH units.
- The pH data was very consistent during this deployment with a slight decreasing trend near the end during a rise in stage.
- Throughout the deployment, pH remained within the acceptable range for the protection of aquatic life as outlined by the Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment (CCME) (2007).

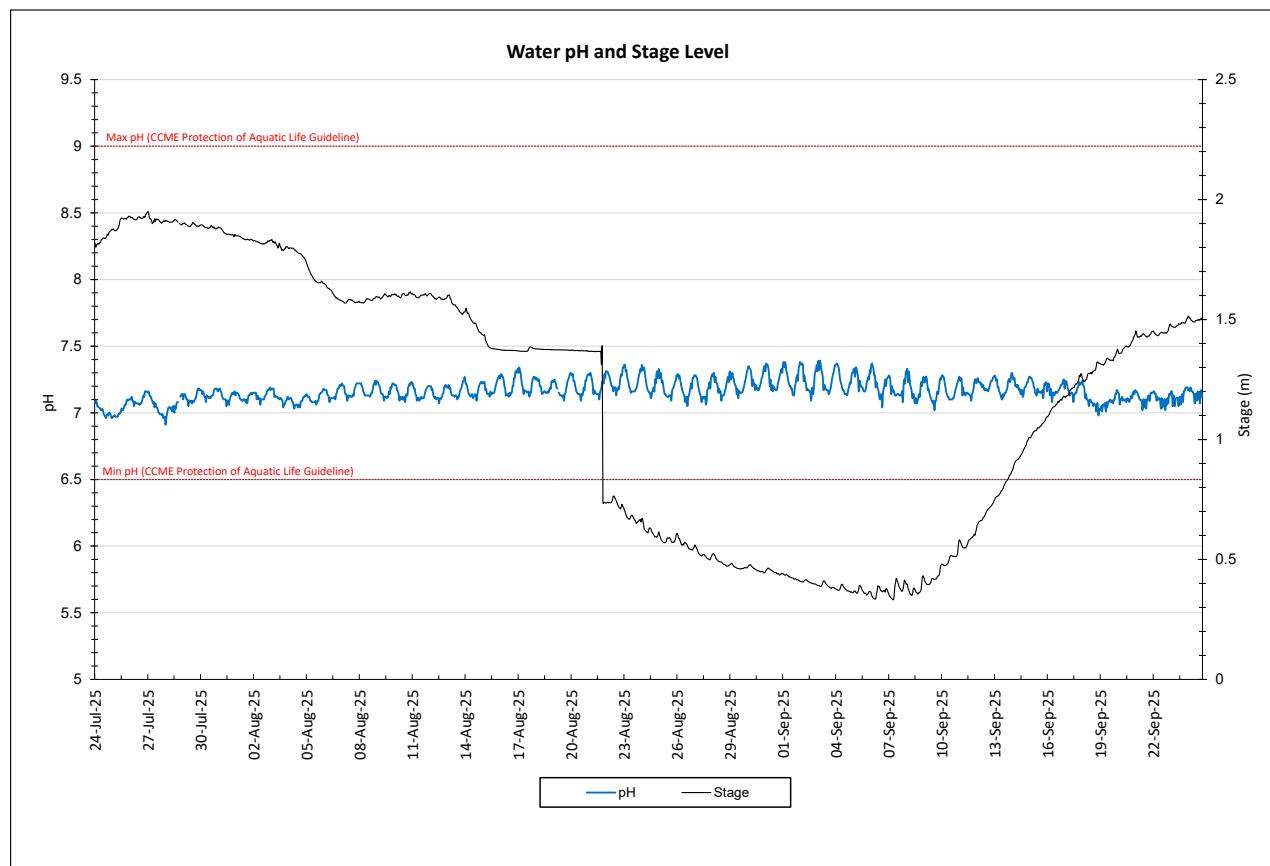
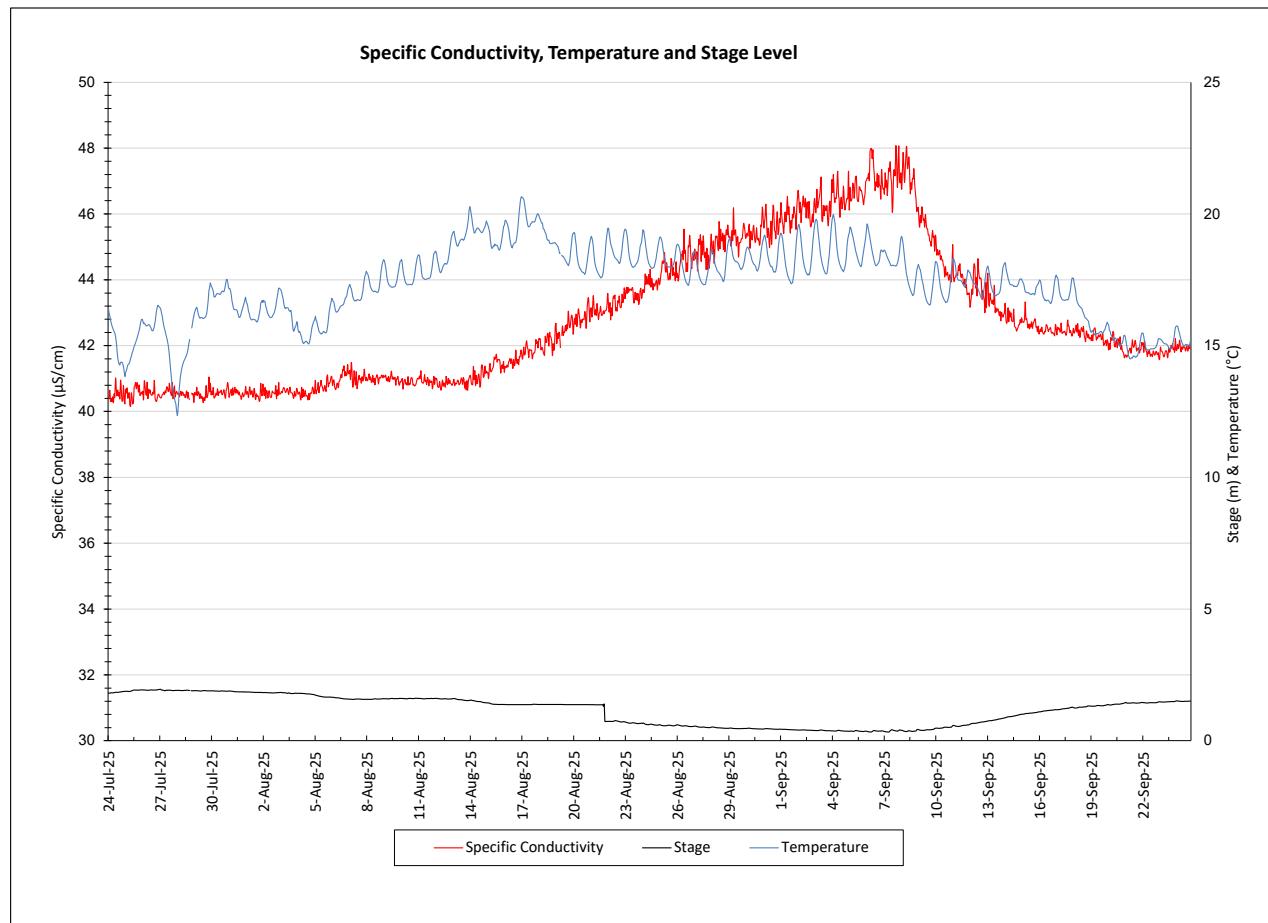


Figure 3: pH values recorded at Humber River at Humber Village Bridge

## Specific Conductivity

- Throughout the deployment period, specific conductivity ranged between 40.2  $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$  and 48.1  $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ , with an average of 42.8  $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ .
- With such a small range of values, specific conductivity was very stable during this deployment, influenced occasionally by increases in stage as additional freshwater into the river results in dilution. This was evident during an increase in stage on September 7<sup>th</sup>. The large volume of water in the river prevents large changes and ranges in specific conductivity values.



**Figure 4: Specific Conductivity at Humber River at Humber Village Bridge**

## Dissolved Oxygen

- During the deployment period, dissolved oxygen concentrations ranged from 8.98 mg/L to 10.69 mg/L, with an average of 9.49 mg/L. Dissolved oxygen percent-saturation ranged from 93.9% to 104.2%, with an average of 98.8%.
- Dissolved oxygen is inversely related to water temperature: oxygen levels increase in lower water temperatures and decrease in higher water temperatures.
- Dissolved oxygen levels gradually declined across the deployment, which is expected as water temperatures were warmest at peak Summer. When water temperatures began to decline in late September, dissolved oxygen values began to increase again. This is a natural, seasonal cycle.
- All values remained above the threshold of the CCME guideline for the protection of other life stages throughout deployment but dipped below the guideline for the protection of early life stages when water temperature was warmest, August 12 – September 20, 2025 (CCME, 2007).

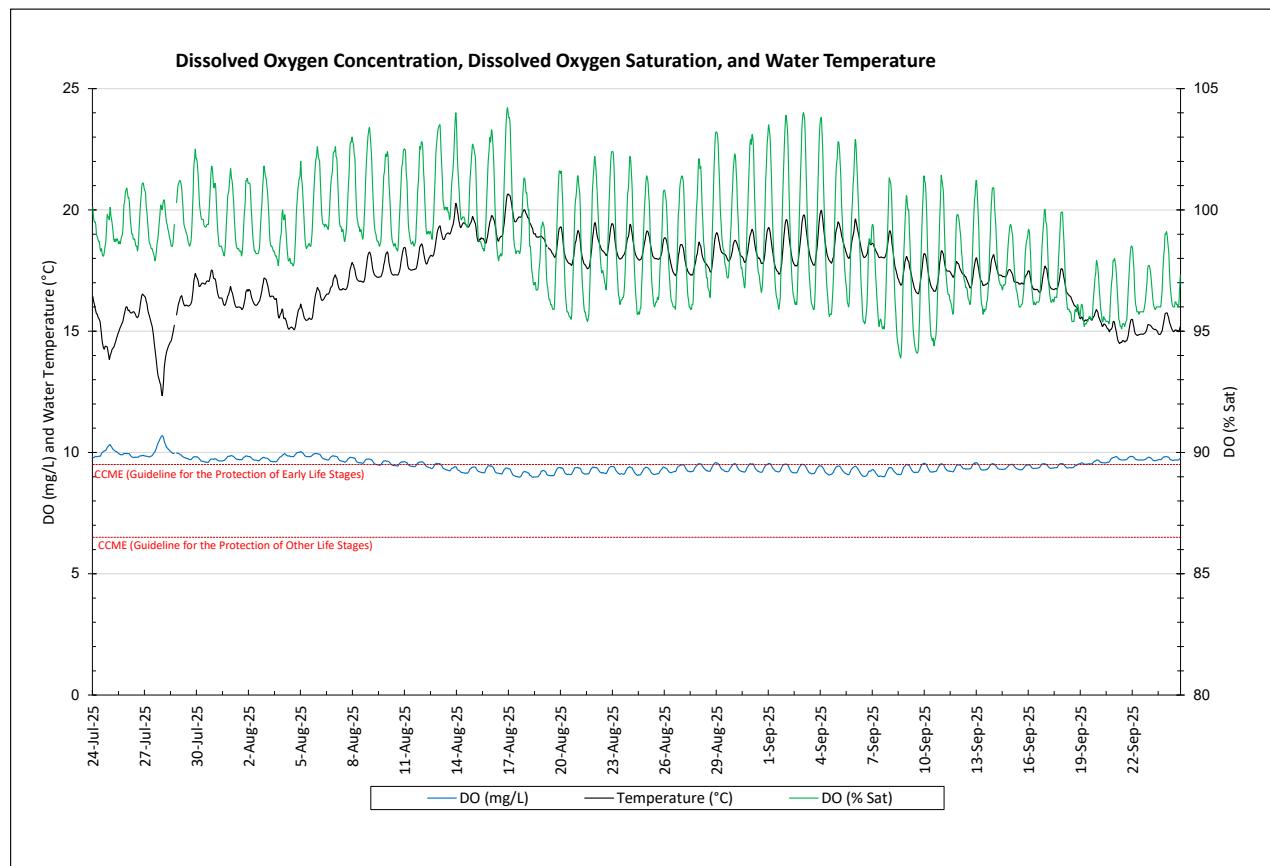


Figure 5: DO (mg/L & % saturation) with Water Temperature (°C) at Humber River at Humber Village Bridge

## Turbidity & Stage

- Throughout the deployment period, turbidity ranged from 0 NTU to 2.3 NTU, with an average turbidity of 0.2 NTU.
- Turbidity was relatively stable with minor, natural background fluctuations. Short-term increases during periods of rising stage levels were observed in early September.
- Stage ranged from 0.33 m to 1.95 m, averaging at 1.17 m, however, this does not account for the adjustment to stage values made on August 22 by Water Survey of Canada. Stage experienced some significant decreases during this deployment period but was increasing as the deployment ended.

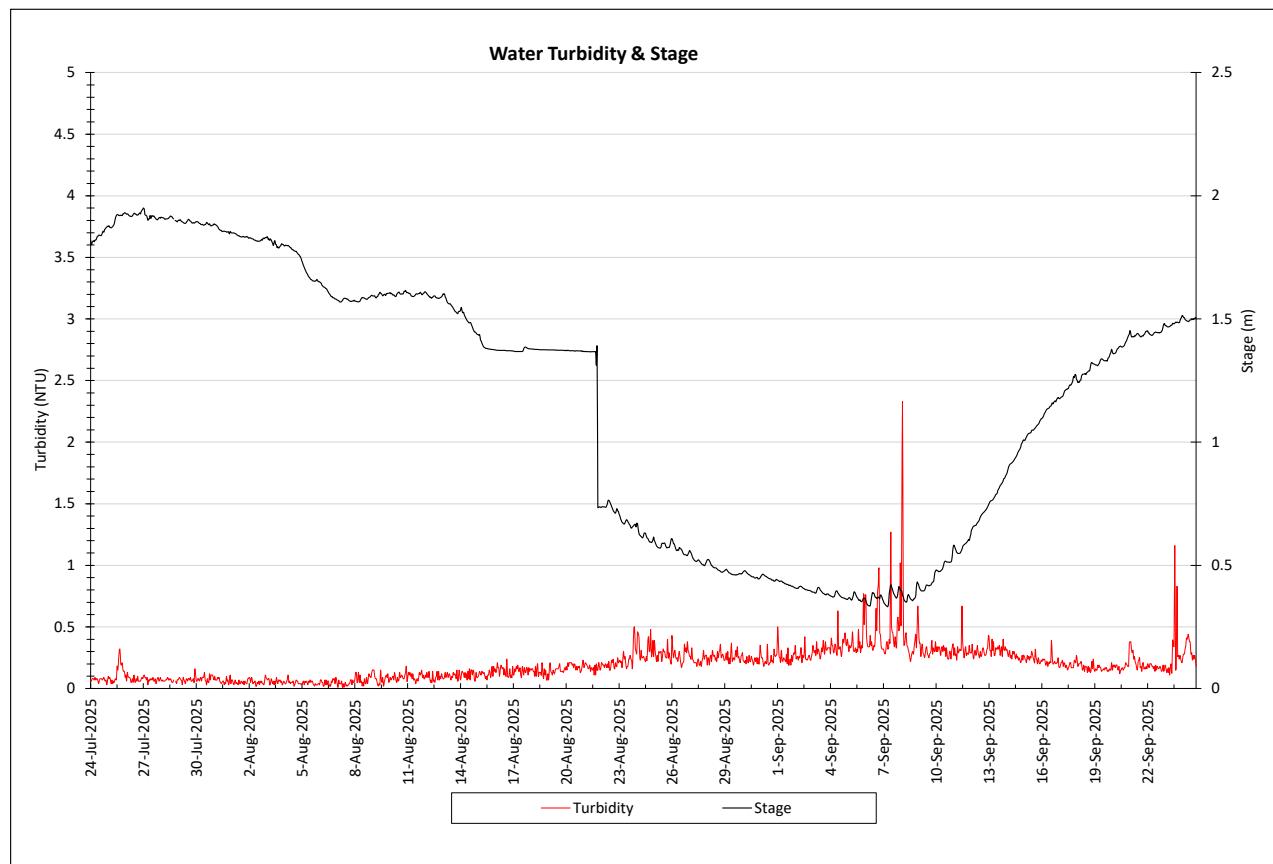


Figure 6: Turbidity & Stage at Humber River at Humber Village Bridge

## Conclusions

- This deployment report summarizes the real time water quality and quantity monitoring data recorded at the Humber River at Humber Village Bridge station over a period of 61 days. No unusual events or data anomalies were evident. Some parameters were influenced by increased stage as the result of precipitation events particularly around September 8<sup>th</sup>.
- All parameters displayed trends typical for this waterbody at this time of year. pH and dissolved oxygen values were within the recommended CCME guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life, with the exception of dissolved oxygen during the warmest month in summer.

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Water Resources Management Division

## References

Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment. 2007. Canadian water quality guidelines for the protection of aquatic life: Summary table. Updated December, 2007. In: Canadian environmental quality guidelines, 1999, Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment, Winnipeg. (Website: <http://ceqg-rcqe.ccme.ca/download/en/222/>)

## APPENDIX A

### Quality Assurance / Quality Control Procedures

As part of the Quality Assurance / Quality Control (QA/QC) protocol, the performance of a station's water quality instrument (i.e., field sonde) is rated at the beginning and end of its deployment period. The procedure is based on the approach used by the United States Geological Survey (Wagner *et al.* 2006)<sup>1</sup>.

At the beginning of the deployment period, a fully cleaned and calibrated QA/QC water quality instrument (i.e., QA/QC sonde) is placed *in-situ* with the fully cleaned and calibrated field sonde. After sonde readings have stabilized, water quality parameters, as measured by both sondes, are recorded. Field sonde performance for all parameters is rated based on differences recorded by the field sonde and QA/QC sonde. If the readings from both sondes are in close agreement, the QA/QC sonde can be removed from the water. If the readings are not in close agreement, there will be attempts to reconcile the problem on site (e.g., removing air bubbles from sensors, etc.). If no fix is made, the field sonde may be removed for recalibration.

At the end of the deployment period, a fully cleaned and calibrated QA/QC sonde is once again deployed *in-situ* with the field sonde. After Sonde readings have stabilized, water quality parameters, are measured by both sondes and recorded. Field sonde performance for all parameters is rated based on differences recorded by the field sonde and QA/QC sonde.

Performance ratings are based on differences listed in the table below:

Parameter	Rating				
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Poor
Temperature (°C)	$\leq \pm 0.2$	$> \pm 0.2$ to 0.5	$> \pm 0.5$ to 0.8	$> \pm 0.8$ to 1	$> \pm 1$
pH (unit)	$\leq \pm 0.2$	$> \pm 0.2$ to 0.5	$> \pm 0.5$ to 0.8	$> \pm 0.8$ to 1	$> \pm 1$
Sp. Conductance ( $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ )	$\leq \pm 3$	$> \pm 3$ to 10	$> \pm 10$ to 15	$> \pm 15$ to 20	$> \pm 20$
Sp. Conductance $> 35 \mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (%)	$\leq \pm 3$	$> \pm 3$ to 10	$> \pm 10$ to 15	$> \pm 15$ to 20	$> \pm 20$
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) (% Sat)	$\leq \pm 0.3$	$> \pm 0.3$ to 0.5	$> \pm 0.5$ to 0.8	$> \pm 0.8$ to 1	$> \pm 1$
Turbidity $< 40$ NTU (NTU)	$\leq \pm 2$	$> \pm 2$ to 5	$> \pm 5$ to 8	$> \pm 8$ to 10	$> \pm 10$
Turbidity $> 40$ NTU (%)	$\leq \pm 5$	$> \pm 5$ to 10	$> \pm 10$ to 15	$> \pm 15$ to 20	$> \pm 20$

<sup>1</sup> Wagner, R.J., Boulger, R.W., Jr., Oblinger, C.J., and Smith, B.A., 2006, Guidelines and standard procedures for continuous water-quality monitors—Station operation, record computation, and data reporting: U.S. Geological Survey Techniques and Methods 1–D3, 51 p. + 8 attachments; accessed April 10, 2006, at <http://pubs.water.usgs.gov/tm1d3>

## APPENDIX B

### WRMD Climate Station – Humber Village at Humber Village Bridge

