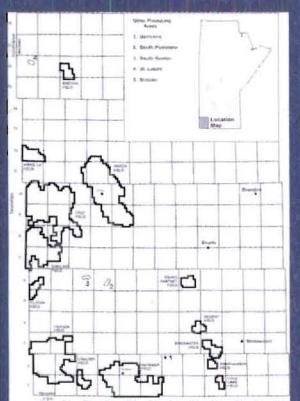


Manitoba Oil Pools

- Depth 430 – 1050 m
- Porosity 9 – 14% carbonates
13 – 17% sandstones
- Permeability < 10 md
- Pressure < 10 000 kPa
- Density 25 – 40° API
- GOR < 5 – 100 m³/m³
- IP 3 – 8 m³/d vertical
< 50 m³/d horizontal
- Recovery 5 - 15% primary
20 - 35% secondary

2005 Oil Activity

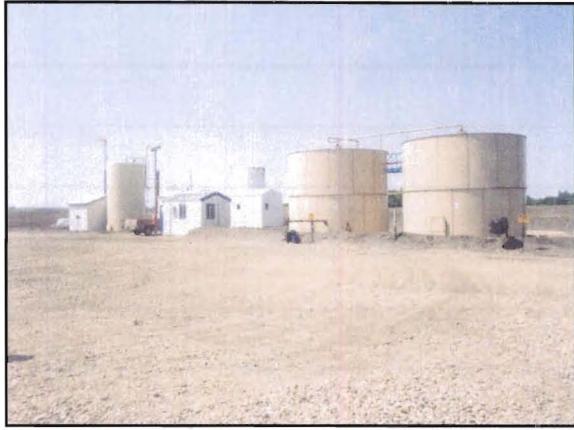
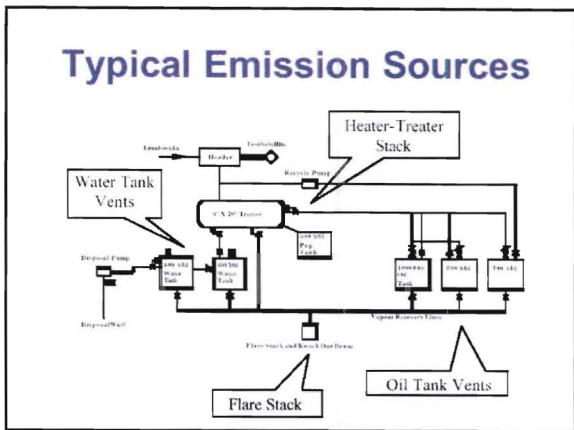
- Wells drilled – 285
- Producing wells – 1863
- No. of batteries - 91
- Oil production -- 2 225 m³/d
- Solution gas production
17.5 10⁶m³
- Industry expenditures
\$ 243 million



Manitoba Oil & Gas Legislation

- Oil & Gas Act
 - Drilling & Production Regulation
 - guidelines for permitting and operation of batteries
 - interdepartmental battery application review committee (IBARC)
- Manitoba Petroleum Branch
 - website www.gov.mb.ca/iedm/petroleum

Typical Emission Sources



Flaring & Venting Reduction Initiatives

- New regulations for permitting and operation of batteries
- Joined GGFR initiative
- Amendments to Oil & Gas Act to strengthen environmental protection and enforcement
- Established IBARC
- Facilitated discussions between producers & utilities – gas conservation & alternate uses

Permitting & Operation of Batteries

Key Changes

- Adopted Manitoba air quality guidelines
- New battery application requirements
- New flare design and operation standards
- Existing battery re-permitting program
- H₂S safety requirements for batteries

Application Requirements for New Batteries

- Expanded public consultation & notification
- Solution gas management plans
- Flare system design & operation
- Air dispersion modelling results

Battery Re-Permitting

- Introduced program to evaluate flaring and venting at existing batteries
- Emissions to meet Manitoba Ambient Air Quality Guidelines for H₂S & SO₂
- Application deadlines
 - application due April 30, 2002
 - any battery modifications completed by October 31, 2002
- Failure to meet deadlines Battery Operating Permit cancelled

Battery Re-Permitting

- Application Requirements
 - consultation with landowners/occupants within 0.5 km and previous complainants
 - accurate estimates of gas production & disposition - fuel, flared & vented
 - details of flare & venting systems
 - air dispersion modelling results
 - battery modifications proposed to bring H₂S & SO₂ emissions into compliance with air quality guidelines

Battery Re-Permitting

- Battery Modifications
 - Modifications made at 45 of 79 batteries
 - Estimated cost - \$2.7 million
- Type of modifications
 - Modifications designed to enhance dispersion of vented gas
 - Modifications designed to improve flare system efficiency
 - Modifications designed to remove H₂S from vented gas streams
 - Modifications designed to reduce vented gas volumes or completely eliminate venting

Battery Re-Permitting

- Benefits
 - battery H₂S & SO₂ emissions comply with air quality guidelines
 - a 35% increase in the number of batteries where no H₂S is vented
 - a 20% reduction in the volume of battery gas vented
 - improvement in flare reliability & efficiency
 - significant reduction in on-lease H₂S hazards & off-lease H₂S odours

2005 Gas Flaring & Venting

- Solution gas production – $17.5 \text{ } 10^6 \text{ m}^3$
- Average GOR – $18.4 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^3$
- Solution gas disposition
 - Flared – $11.2 \text{ } 10^6 \text{ m}^3$ (64.0%)
 - Venting – $2.9 \text{ } 10^6 \text{ m}^3$ (16.6%)
 - Lease fuel – $3.4 \text{ } 10^6 \text{ m}^3$ (20.4%)

Flaring & Venting Reduction Barriers

- Low solution gas volumes
 - Average battery gas volume – $638 \text{ m}^3/\text{d}$
- No gas gathering or process infrastructure
- Poor economics for gas conservation
- Perceived regulatory barriers

Flaring & Venting Reduction Planned Activities

- Encourage gas conservation
 - expansion of SE Saskatchewan gas gathering system into Manitoba
 - Eliminate any regulatory barriers
 - Develop royalty/tax incentives to encourage companies to tie-in batteries
- Reduce vent volumes
 - Focus on recovery of stock tank vapours
 - new battery design & modifications to existing batteries